UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, : Case No. 10-00148-N-BLW

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REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
before B. Lynn Winmill, Chief District Judge
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PROCEEDINGS
Friday, April 29, 2011
(Jury absent.)
THE COURT: Counsel, we were going to just take up for a moment a couple of issues before we bring the jury in.

First, with regard to the question of whether Ms. Steele can or should be treated as a hostile witness, the rule indicates that a party must proceed by nonleading questions unless a witness is either hostile, an adverse party, or associated with an adverse party.

To me, a hostile witness becomes hostile only when they either refuse to answer or are being intentionally evasive. And if that appears, then I will allow counsel to proceed by leading questions, or perhaps at a discussion at sidebar as to whether Ms. Steele is -- I'm not sure if the word is "associated," but there is a term used in Rule 611, I think, along those lines.

So that's where we are. I think counsel knows how we'll deal with that. I'll just make a judgment call if I think Ms. Steele is being evasive. And, at that point, I'll allow you to proceed. Rather than declare her hostile --
siding with my client.
THE COURT: It has nothing to do with whether she is telling the truth, in the same way whether -- you know, in a civil matter, if an adverse party gets up, they're telling the truth; but the other side -- just, it's a matter of convenience and a way of proceeding in a more orderly fashion that if somebody is associated with an adverse party -- not suggesting they're not telling the truth -- it's just easier and appropriate to then allow opposing counsel to proceed by asking non -- or by asking leading questions.

So I don't want any suggestion taken from my comments that I'm questioning Ms. Steele's sincerity, her integrity, or her honesty. It's just a question of what the rule calls for. And the rule envisions that we allow parties to proceed by leading questions if a witness is associated with an adverse party. So --

MR. McALLISTER: Judge, I think that the record will show that, from the very second question Ms. Whelan asked, and for an hour, she was totally leading her. And I think the witness basically stood her ground.
which I don't like to do in front of the jury because it suggests I'm taking sides in some ways -- I'll just overrule any objections to leading questions from that point. So counsel will understand why I'm doing what I'm doing without bringing you to a sidebar.

If, on the other hand, Ms. Whelan, you want to have the court determine that she, in fact, is connected with an adverse party, there is some suggestions of that. But it's only suggestions, and I may need to have a specific discussion to make a record at a sidebar as to what factors would justify that conclusion.

All right? Is that clear? Do you need any further clarification?

MS. WHELAN: I don't need any clarification. I would just -- to avoid -- timewise, I would like to be able to make that proffer now as to why she is associated with another party. If the court doesn't want me to do it, that's fine.

THE COURT: Well, Mr. McAllister, do you dispute that she is essentially siding with your client in this matter?

MR. McALLISTER: Judge, I do. I think she is telling the truth as she knows it as opposed to

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Oftentimes Ms. Whelan would seek just a yes or no to a leading question, and sometimes the witness told the -- gave the whole answer, and then she would move to strike it. She had been treating her as an adverse, hostile witness from day -- from the very beginning of this case. And if the court makes the decision that, under the rule, she is adverse or hostile, there is not much I can do about it.

But the problem here is that, you know, I didn't object to her method of examination, and I probably won't object in the future because I want the jury to hear what she has to say, and I'm going to get a chance to ask her questions after Ms. Whelan is done.

So it's almost like, you know, she has been leading the whole time anyhow.

THE COURT: Well, I think there have been some leading questions; I wouldn't say the whole time. But I agree with you there clearly have been leading questions.

Mr. McAllister, was there another issue --

MR. McALLISTER: Yes.
THE COURT: -- that you wanted to take up?

MR. McALLISTER: Yes. I received this morning, Your Honor, for the first time, what's been marked as Government Exhibit 109. It seems to be -- upon reading it very quickly before court began, it seems to be a letter dated June 13th, 2000, in an attempt by Edgar and Cyndi Steele to work out the difficulties that they were having in their relationship at that time.

Ms. Whelan yesterday went into the 2000 filing of a divorce for quite a period of time.
And she went through -- walked through, point by point, the divorce petition or complaint that was filed.

I objected. The court overruled my objection but said you would not let her go too far on this because of the fact that it is from 2000 and because of the fact that there was no divorce; there was a reconciliation.

So I object to any -- to going back to the subject of the divorce, especially since we're still on direct examination. I don't know if I'm going to raise it in cross-examination or not. And at that point, perhaps the government would have some basis for bringing this in.

And, in addition, it's trial by ambush
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inconsistent. She might agree with us, and then it won't be used. But that is the issue.

THE COURT: Well, all right. Let me clarify -- again, I thought it was clear from my ruling at sidebar. I did not indicate that I was going to limit the government because it was ten years old, but only that the discussion about the prior divorce had to be focused on financial matters and matters which may have provided a motive for Mr. Steele to have engaged in what the government has alleged that he engaged in.

And one of the things mentioned, I think, by Mr. Fairfax in his testimony and a statement attributed to Mr. Steele was the -- I think Mr. Fairfax may have even asked him why he didn't just divorce Ms. Steele. And the comment was, financially, he couldn't afford to do that.

And so I think whatever financial discussions that occurred in conjunction with a divorce ten years earlier would be completely relevant to the issue of motive in this case; and, therefore, I permitted it for that reason.

What I was trying to indicate in terms of limiting is that we're not going to get into what the reason for the divorce was, whether one
to get a document the morning of trial. My client hasn't even had a chance to read it.

So I object to any introduction or use of Government's Exhibit 109.

THE COURT: Ms. Whelan?
MS. WHELAN: Your Honor, it's certainly not trial by ambush. It's provided in discovery. Ms. Rocca is looking for the Bates numbers. It's 1397 to 1398.

When I provided these exhibits to Mr. McAllister, understanding that there had been a lot of discovery, I just made the courtesy to not only have -- make sure they were marked, but I made sure the Bates numbers were on them, as well, so that he could refer to the fact that he had, in fact, received them.

That's the first issue. It is not trial by ambush.

Secondly, it is relevant because there is a certain portion in here where it has to do with something Mrs. Steele was asked yesterday. Specifically -- and I don't want to give away what I'm going to say; I don't think that I have to. But it may be used to refresh her recollection regarding something she said yesterday that may be 778
side was culpable as opposed to the other, whether there was any other fallout from the divorce. It was purely a question of the fact that Mr. Steele had apparently said to Mr. Fairfax that he couldn't afford to go through a divorce.

And that was the reason I allowed it. And I think we pretty much limited it to that. There may have been some questions about visitation or something, but that would be akin to that, as well.

So that was the basis for the ruling. I think we're going to proceed. If it's just used to refresh the witness's recollection, Counsel knows the process for doing that. I think it's Rule 614. You simply show it to the witness, see if it refreshes her recollection, take it away from the witness, and then allow her to testify. And only if she maintains an inconsistent position would the document need to be admitted for impeachment purposes.

If it's going to be offered independent of that, I'll have to discuss it. We'll take it up at sidebar.

MS. WHELAN: Your Honor, there are other exhibits that I provided Mr. McAllister that are
relevant, and they are outside of what the court has just said.

Yesterday Mrs. Steele testified that, with regards to this Internet emailing and contacting these women, that she was aware of it, that he did it with her support. And the government intends this morning to show --

THE COURT: Well, see, that's another issue. There was no --

MS. WHELAN: Okay. As long as I'm not limited there.

THE COURT: No. I have not even had -- I think we were only talking about the divorce and matters related -- not the divorce -- the filing of the divorce petition and matters related thereto.

This other issue, we're just going to have to take it up. You know, we're eating into the jury's time. I'm more inclined just to deal with this as it comes up.

Mr. McAllister, is there something else you want to take up?

MR. McALLISTER: Yes, Your Honor. It's the same issue about Exhibit 109.

I understand what the court ruled
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it, the issue really arose as a result of
Mrs. Steele's testimony yesterday. And counsel is not required to produce in advance exhibits that they don't know they need until they get into the trial; that, obviously, they're not required to have powers of a seer to be able to anticipate everything that will happen during trial.

Now, if this was a document not produced in discovery, then we would have another matter to talk about. But merely because it wasn't previously marked as an exhibit, those things happen when issues arise during the course of the trial that could not have been anticipated by counsel.

The same thing will be true when and if you call witnesses. If matters come up that you were not aware of and you have not previously disclosed an exhibit, you will be allowed to do the same thing.

So -- and as far as the court's ruling yesterday, I'm not going to revisit the issue. I have already ruled. Counsel is allowed to go into this. And you've made the record. You've got the appeal issue. And let's move on.

All right. Let's go ahead and bring
yesterday. And your basis, as stated both yesterday and today, was one answer by the witness Larry Fairfax who's, quote, "an admitted liar." And based upon that one answer yesterday, I think we had about 50 questions on this issue of the divorce petition and the relationship of the parties and counseling and what they did. That is way beyond any need based upon Mr. Fairfax's testimony.

And this exhibit, Judge, is one of thousands of exhibits or thousands of documents that was taken in the search of the Steele residence going back some ten years. It was never marked, never shown to me as an exhibit in the case. It may have been produced in the voluminous discovery. And at this point in time, I think it is trial by ambush. I think that, in the recess last night, Ms. Whelan went back and spent all evening digging through --

MS. WHELAN: Judge, I'm going to object. This is beyond the scope of proper argument.

THE COURT: Counsel, all right. Let's -first of all, let's move on.

Mr. McAllister, I understand your concern. The problem is, at least as I understand

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the jury in, and we'll proceed.
MR. HAWS: Your Honor, one brief housekeeping item.

THE COURT: Mr. Haws.
MR. HAWS: Exhibit 43 was not admitted yesterday with Mr. Clemensen. And rather than bring him back for admitting it, Mr. McAllister indicated that he would agree to, or not object to that admission.

So I would move the admission of Exhibit 43 at this time. It's a photo from the inside of the Steele home.

MR. McALLISTER: No objection.
THE COURT: Very good. I'll announce to the jury that Exhibit 43 has been admitted when the jury enters the courtroom.
(Jury present.)
THE COURT: I will note for the record that the jurors are present.

Ladies and gentlemen, I'll also note Exhibit 43 the court has admitted with the stipulation of counsel. I don't know that it's going to be published to you at this time, although it may be at some point later in the proceedings.
(Government's Exhibit 43 admitted.)
THE COURT: Ms. Steele, I'll ask you to retake the witness stand. As you're stepping forward, I'll remind you, you are still under oath.

You may inquire, Ms. Whelan.
MS. WHELAN: Thank you, Your Honor.

## CYNDI STEELE,

having been previously sworn to tell the whole truth, testified as follows:

CONTINUED DIRECT EXAMINATION

## BY MS. WHELAN:

Q. Mrs. Steele, have you conducted any interviews in this case?
A. Yes.
Q. Do you recall having talked to Jamie Kelso, Michael Collins Piper, David Gahary, Pastor Dan, and Jeff Rense (phonetic)?
A. I don't remember Pastor Dan, but probably, yes.
Q. I'd like to direct your attention to an interview you did with David Gahary of the "American Free Press" this last spring. Do you recall that interview?
A. I have made a lot of interviews. I

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THE COURT: Rephrase, Counsel. I'm going to sustain the objection.

MS. WHELAN: Thank you, Your Honor. BY MS. WHELAN:
Q. Ma'am, was your husband particularly fond of the TV show or movie "Mission Impossible"?
A. I'm sure he liked it. It wasn't one
that we -- I don't even recall us ever watching it.
Q. Did you hear him mention "Mission Impossible" during the phone call with you and your son on June 13th?
A. He mentioned that word a lot, yes.
Q. Did he fancy himself to be as important as the characters in that movie or TV show?
A. No.
Q. That he felt -- did you hear him say he felt it was a "Mission Impossible" attempt to get him?
A. I've heard him say that, yes.
Q. Mrs. Steele, you have not worked outside the home very much, have you?
A. No, because the ranch was my work, and so that was at home.
Q. Yesterday I believe you said that your
can't recall that one in particular.
Q. Do you recall during any of the interviews, then, saying that your husband talked about this exact scenario?
A. I could have said that.
Q. Your husband believed he was going to be set up by the United States, didn't he?
A. He believed that people were coming after him and eventually would come after him, yes.
Q. He had been telling you that for quite some years, hadn't he?
A. We had discussed it, yes.
Q. He had convinced you of that?
A. I know that he was always afraid of it. I'm not sure he convinced me of it because I didn't really believe -- I -- my way of thinking, I believe good in all people, so I had a hard time believing it, but I knew he did.
Q. So he was setting up his defense even then?
A. No.

MR. McALLISTER: I object, Judge. That is totally argumentative, and this witness couldn't answer it anyway.
husband was the primary breadwinner. Is that the -- or "money bringer," is that the term you used?
A. Yes.
Q. And you said that in relation to why you had asked him for alimony; is that correct?
A. Yes.
Q. Do you recall saying yesterday that the ranch and the horses are your dream?
A. Yes. It's my dream, but my husband and I worked on it together.
Q. If your husband is convicted and in custody, there is nobody to pay for your dream, is there?
A. My dream is done as of June 11th, no matter what.
Q. Ma'am, yesterday, you discussed a little bit about money or silver that was missing from your home. You didn't report the silver missing until after your husband's arrest, did you?
A. I didn't discover the missing of the silver until after my husband's arrest.
Q. You didn't report it until after his arrest, did you?
A. No, I didn't.
Q. Do you recall making a report to the Bonner County Sheriff's Office?
A. Yes, I do.
Q. And that was in September of 2010; is that correct?
A. Yes, it was.
Q. Do you recall in that report saying that the coins were last seen in April or May of 2010?
A. Yes.
Q. When, specifically, did you realize the silver was missing?
A. It was sometime within -- between the 13th and the following week of June, somewhere in there. I don't exactly remember the exact date.
Q. When was the last time you had done an accounting, yourself, of the silver?
A. I started doing an accounting of the silver from what I knew was in the -- in that master bedroom closet after I realized that there was the potential of silver missing.
Q. When was that?
A. In June and through July.
Q. Specifically, where was the silver

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gone.
Q. Do you know that, in July, he also asked your son to make sure that it was reported and that it was very important?
A. I don't know about that.
Q. Do you recall telling the Bonner County Sheriff's Office that you should have had 9,047 silver coins?
A. I'm not exactly sure what you're --

MS. WHELAN: Your Honor --
THE COURT: Rephrase the question.
MS. WHELAN: Is the screen on for the jurors?

THE COURT: It is.
MS. WHELAN: Will you turn it off, please.
THE COURT: I'll turn it off.
BY MS. WHELAN:
Q. When you spoke to the Bonner County Sheriff's Office in September, did you tell them that you had -- by your accounting, that you should have 9,047 silver coins?
A. That I should have? I still -- I'm really not sure what --
Q. And I appreciate that. Maybe I'm asking it poorly. But I'd just ask if you could
missing from?
A. The silver was missing from areas that we would put silver out in outer buildings -- such that we didn't keep our silver all in one place -and from the master bedroom. Of course, I knew that that was seized by the government.
Q. Would you agree that you had a large amount of silver bars, coins, and other items at the house?
A. Well, yes.
Q. And you had gold, as well?
A. We did not invest our savings into gold.
Q. Did you have any gold at the house?
A. Not other than jewelry.
Q. Do you recall telling the Bonner County Sheriff's Office in September that the coins were last seen in April or May of 2010?
A. Yes.
Q. That's because -- the report that you made was because your husband told you to report it, wasn't it?
A. He asked me to report it after I went and looked at the other places in all our outbuildings to discover all of the silver stashes

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look at your screen. I'm going to --
THE COURT: Don't repeat anything that's on the screen. It's only being shown, I think, to refresh your recollection.
BY MS. WHELAN:
Q. Do you see where I pointed, ma'am?
A. I'm sorry. I thought you were talking dollar amount, and that number was not --
Q. I'm sorry if I was --
A. -- computing with me.
Q. I understand.
A. That looks about right. I just -- that looks about right. I don't remember the exact amount at this time.
Q. It was --
A. I did the calculations at that time.
Q. It was a pretty specific number, though, wasn't it?
A. Yes.
Q. And you told them, when you made that report, that the FBI had returned 6,180 silver coins. Do you recall saying that?
A. I had -- I had -- I recall saying the amount that the FBI had returned to me, yes.
Q. And, actually, on July 29th of 2010,
the FBI had returned almost 7,000 coins to you, hadn't they?
A. When I recounted and went through everything, it was -- it's the number that was on there.
Q. Ma'am, is that your signature at the bottom of that page right in front of you?
A. Yes.
Q. And, again, this is just offered to refresh your recollection. Please don't testify from it.

Do you see here where you -- you signed that you received 5,750 one-ounce coins?
A. Yes.
Q. And 750 --

THE COURT: Counsel, wait, wait. This is, again, not an exhibit admitted.

MS. WHELAN: Yes. I realized as soon as I went down that road, Judge. I'm sorry.
BY MS. WHELAN:
Q. Did you receive 750 silver dollars from the FBI? Do you recall?
A. Yes.
Q. And did you receive 500 JFK halfdollars?

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A. Well, no, I didn't. Because --
Q. But, during the course of that, you
made sure in that police report to put that Larry
Fairfax was your suspect, didn't you?
A. After I confirmed that the FBI hadn't taken silver out of any of the other buildings and it was only out of the master bedroom, that is when I suspected Larry Fairfax, yes.
Q. In the report, you made sure to mention Larry Fairfax, didn't you?
A. Because I believe Larry Fairfax was the one that stole the silver, yes.
Q. You also told the deputies, though, that the silver that you thought was missing could be with the FBI?
A. Well, yes.
Q. You were trying to establish this idea that your husband told you that Larry Fairfax may have stolen from you to help his defense, weren't you?
A. No. I was telling the truth of what I
knew.
Q. And part of that truth was based upon things that your husband told you?
A. I based my investigation on things that
.
my husband had told me, and then I investigated.
Q. So your conclusion was, in part, based upon things that your husband told you?
A. Only because my investigation confirmed it.
Q. And those were calls from jail where he was trying to make sure that this was set up; correct?
A. No.
Q. Ma'am, yesterday we discussed the difficult times that you had in your marriage in 2000. And I apologize that we need to go into it again. Again, I will try to be brief.

Do you recall getting an email from your husband on June 13th of 2000 which included a copy of a poem or missive entitled "Don't Get Married"?
A. I remember there being a poem, but I don't recall -- that was ten years ago. I don't recall that -- what it said or what the poem was.
Q. Ma'am, I'm going to ask you to look --

THE COURT: The jury monitor -- the jury projector, again, is not on, so you may show something to the witness if you wish.

MS. WHELAN: Thank you.

## BY MS. WHELAN:

Q. What's been marked and identified as United States Exhibit 103. Can you see what's -I don't want you to testify from it, but can you see what's at the top of it?
A. Yes.
Q. And is that your email address? Or was it back then?
A. It must have been back then.
Q. Now, I want to ask you just to look at this exhibit. In looking at that, do you recall getting that from your husband?
A. I don't recall this. I'm not -- you know, he wrote it, but that -- that wasn't the poem that I was thinking about.
Q. But you do agree that this was sent to your email in 2000?
A. Well, I agree. I just don't recall it.

MS. WHELAN: Your Honor, I'd move for the admission of Exhibit 103 and ask permission to publish parts of it to the jury.

MR. McALLISTER: Your Honor, I object. I think if she doesn't recall it, there is no foundation that it's authentic in any way.

MS. WHELAN: Judge, she said it was from her
797 correct?
A. Yes.
Q. Do you remember one "Bobleep.com"?
A. Yes.

THE COURT: Counsel, you said that he has had many emails. Do you mean email addresses?

MS. WHELAN: I do. Sorry.
BY MS. WHELAN:
Q. He's had very many email addresses; correct?
A. Yes.
Q. Looking at this, just the top part of this email, would you agree that this is an email that you received from your husband?
A. You know, I don't recognize this email.

I mean, I don't recall it. That particular email from my husband, I don't recall it. But I can't say it wasn't one of his, because he has had many. But it's just not one that I remember, and it's one that he hasn't used at least in the last several years.
Q. Okay. Looking at just the addresses -not the content, not whether you recall receiving it, but just the addresses and then that first
email.
THE COURT: Well, at this point, I'll have to sustain the objection. I'm not sure the witness has adequately identified it to lay a foundation.
BY MS. WHELAN:
Q. Mrs. Steele, in the "To" line of

Exhibit 103, what does it say? Can you look at that?
A. I'm sorry. Which line?
Q. The "To" line ma'am, right here.
A. Well, it's from Edgar Steele address -email -- I don't even remember that email address from him, actually. I have never seen a "Pop.net," but -- and then my email address.
Q. Ma'am, during this time in your life, you and your husband were communicating through email; is that right?
A. Emails and phone calls and when he was home.
Q. And I think you previously said that the email address of who you -- of you, which is what I asked you, the "To," that is your email address; correct?
A. Yes.
paragraph, would you agree it's an email you received from your husband?
A. Because of the addresses, I have to agree, but I don't recall this particular one.

MS. WHELAN: Your Honor, I would move for the admission of Exhibit 103.

MR. McALLISTER: Same objection in addition to the time, Your Honor.

THE COURT: The time being a relevance objection?

MR. McALLISTER: Yes, Your Honor. Lack of foundation, lack of relevance, outside the scope of the events in this case.

MS. WHELAN: Your Honor, if we were to discuss the relevance, I --

THE COURT: No. All right. I'm going to overrule the objection. The witness has -- on the relevance issue, the court has discussed that at sidebar yesterday and this morning before the jury came in as to the basis for the ruling. It's related to that same issue that we discussed.

In addition, in terms of foundation, the witness's last comment, I think, is sufficient to lay the foundation. It's for the jury, obviously, to determine whether this was, in fact,
authored by Mr. Steele or not, but I'll -- that's an issue for the jury to decide.

I think there is enough foundation under Rule -- I think it's 901, to admit the exhibit. So the exhibit will be admitted.

Counsel, I'm concerned, though, that the only thing that should be admitted would be the statements which at least have some indication they may have been authored by Mr. Steele. I can't see the entire exhibit. So that's the only portion of the exhibit that would be admitted -and, of course, anything that he forwarded as part of that communication.

So my problem is I can't see the entire exhibit.

MS. WHELAN: But whatever he forwarded is also admitted?

THE COURT: Yes. Now, if you will be careful and limit it just to the text and then this attachment, I'll publish it now to the jury, but I don't want to go beyond that because I don't know what else is there. Are you ready?

MS. WHELAN: Could I have just one second?
THE COURT: Yes.
MS. WHELAN: Your Honor, all that is
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admitted actually go back to the jury room. And if there is any need for redactions, we can deal with that before the exhibits go back to the jury room.

Counsel, I'm turning off the jury projector while you're looking at it --

MS. WHELAN: I'm done.
THE COURT: -- just to avoid any inadvertent publication to the jury of something that's not been admitted.

MS. WHELAN: Judge, the pages are only the attachment, and I was just looking to get to the next page. I had erroneously put up the first page.

So would the court publish it to the jury, Your Honor?

THE COURT: I'm sorry. Was this an additional portion?

MS. WHELAN: It's just -- it's just the next page of the --

THE COURT: I'm sorry. Yes. I'm sorry. I didn't understand.
BY MS. WHELAN:
Q. Now, Mrs. Steele, there is a line in this missive or poem that he emailed you that
contained in the subsequent pages is merely the attachment. There are no other dialogues or exchanges.

THE COURT: All right. Well, with that assurance, I'll published it to the jury. And Exhibit 103 is admitted.
(Government's Exhibit 103 admitted and published.)
BY MS. WHELAN:
Q. Mrs. Steele --

MS. WHELAN: Judge, I'd like to just leave it up there for the jury. I don't want to ask her to read this. It's my prerogative --

THE COURT: You can publish it to the jury however you wish.

MS. WHELAN: Okay. Thank you. I'm going to leave it up there for a few seconds, and then we'll move to the next page. The jury will have this with them, correct, Judge, so we don't need to take up --

THE COURT: Yes. But, again, as part of -after the evidence is submitted, before the exhibits are sent back to the jury room, Counsel will have an opportunity to review them carefully to ensure that only those portions that I have

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says, "That it's the kids she'll use, should
things get nasty, to tear your guts out. If you
think that Cupcake won't do this, you're crazy.
Not all -- true, she may not. Not all women do or not to the same degree, but you won't know until it's too late, and the courts will do anything she wants." And then, "Your ex will warm to calling all the shots. She may cancel your visitation now and then." And then it goes on.

In the divorce complaint that you had filed, you were seeking to have the children with you the majority of the time?

MR. McALLISTER: Objection. Asked and answered.

THE COURT: Counsel, I'll give you some leeway, but probably just this one question, and then we move on.

You may answer the question.
THE WITNESS: That was in the decree, and I was --

THE COURT: Not the decree.
THE WITNESS: The --
MS. WHELAN: Complaint.
THE COURT: The petition or complaint. I just --

THE WITNESS: Complaint, petition. Sorry. Because I was taking that under the advisement of the attorney that I had, but it wasn't -- I always knew it was going to be shared custody, and he could see our children as much as he wanted, and the children would be with me.

It was primarily because of schooling and their activities. But outside that, he -- I wanted the -- our children to have time with him. BY MS. WHELAN:
Q. In the complaint, however --
A. Yes.

MS. WHELAN: Judge, could we turn off the jury projector now?

THE COURT: Yes.
BY MS. WHELAN:
Q. Ma'am, would you agree with this statement: That regardless of the stability of your marriage or any issues between you and the defendant, you were both primarily concerned about your children?
A. Very definitely, yes.
Q. You both love your children, and you have never doubted his love for your children; correct?

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A. Yes.
Q. I'm going to make a mark on this right here and here. Can you read where -- not out loud, just to yourself -- what I've marked, ma'am.
A. Yes.
Q. Does looking at that help refresh your recollection of how your husband viewed the ranch?
A. Yes.
Q. And he told you it didn't fit into his future -- this is back in 2000 -- didn't he?
A. And that would be a correct statement since, at that time, we were going through divorce proceedings. Separately, it wouldn't fit into his future.
Q. Ma'am, I would ask that you then look -- the ranch just wasn't in his future
because of the divorce. It was because he saw it as a waste of money, and it was your thing and not his; isn't that correct?
A. He knew it was taking a lot out of our money. So, you know, yes. But he never said no.
Q. Your husband didn't want to be at the ranch anymore. He wanted to be in California; isn't that right?
A. During that time, yes --
A. I have never doubted his love for our children at all.
Q. And the ranch was a place for you guys to raise your children?
A. Yes.
Q. Your husband viewed it as a symbol, though, of wasted money, didn't he?
A. He knew in reality it was not a money-maker, but he knew it was my dream and supported it.
Q. The ranch didn't fit into his future, did it?
A. I honestly can't answer that yes or no.
Q. Ma'am, if --

MS. WHELAN: And the jury screen is off, yes, Judge?

THE COURT: It is off.

## BY MS. WHELAN:

Q. Looking at what's been marked as United States' Exhibit 109, you see that -without testifying about it -- it is a letter addressed to you back in June of 2000; correct?
A. Yes.
Q. It is a letter -- a typed letter but it's signed by your husband; correct?

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Q. Thank you.
A. -- but he came back.
Q. We discussed about your husband going onto Match.com. You also created a profile on Match.com. Do you remember what your user name was?
A. I don't remember the full name. I think I used "Jenny" or "Jennifer" for the first name.
Q. Do you recall having an email address at that time of "Horsedancer_2000@Yahoo.com"?
A. Sounds like something I would use. I don't remember what I used.
Q. I'm going to ask -- this has been marked as United States' Exhibit 106. Looking at that, does that recall what your specific user name was on the website?
A. It looks like it. I don't -- you know, I don't remember. I thought it was Jennifer. I didn't know -- I don't recall those numbers.
Q. Would you dispute that you were "Jennifer 2819"?
A. Well, looking at it now, you know -- I know I did it. If this is the exact one, I don't recall, because I put -- I put that -- I've put
that behind me when we reconciled.
Q. I would ask you: Do you recall what the defendant's user name was?
A. Actually, I don't. No.
Q. Showing you what's been marked for identification purposes as United States' Exhibit 104. Can you see that?
A. Yes. And that was his ID. That refreshes my memory.
Q. And what was his user ID on Match.com?
A. "Burbman."
Q. Ma'am, looking at that, is that an accurate picture of your husband that you've seen before?
A. Yes, I've seen that picture several times.
Q. Have you seen that picture?
A. Yes.
Q. That is of your husband?
A. Yes.
Q. Have you seen that picture?
A. Yes.
Q. Would you agree that these are accurate printouts of pictures he used on the website as Burbman?
women. These were the best pictures he had. And, therefore, we believe it's relevant. And we do have the exhibits, which I think are 100 and 101, which were used during the Tatyana deposition and the Brent Smith --

THE COURT: So the argument is that, because he was using the same flattering photographs in 2000, when he was going through possible divorce proceedings with Mrs. Steele, that when he uses the same photos in 2010--2009, 2010 in contacting females in the former Soviet Union, that this proves what?

MS. WHELAN: Judge, it's the same MO: being dishappy in your marriage, feeling ignored, going through health issues, looking for other women. However, this time, instead of getting caught by her because she put her profile on, he learned from the other experience, and he tried to tell her it was for a case. And the emails we have don't show that.

And I think it is relevant under 401, and it is not cumulative under 403.

THE COURT: It's not cumulative. That's not the issue. And cumulative is -- I think
cumulative is 403 .
A. Yes.

MS. WHELAN: Your Honor, I would move for the admission of Exhibit 104.

MR. McALLISTER: I object, Your Honor. May we approach?

THE COURT: Well, at this point, I don't see the relevance, Counsel. I don't know that I need to --

MS. WHELAN: I'd like to approach to discuss that.

THE COURT: All right.
(Sidebar commences as follows:)
THE COURT: What are dates of these?
MS. WHELAN: This was back in 2000.
This is the relevance: These pictures are the exact same pictures that were used on the websites that he used on his profile in 2010. The testimony is that, at this time, they're having difficulties in their marriage. He was looking to try on other women.

She says that he was well -- she was well aware of the fact that he was emailing these women and knew what was going on. We believe it's relevant. It's more likely than not that he was using the same pictures because he was looking for

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Mr. McAllister?
MR. McALLISTER: Judge, we have turned a murder case into a divorce case, apparently, when there was no divorce.

The prosecutor in this case has been doing nothing but trying to impeach this witness with documents that are 11 years old. It's not important to this case.

If she wants to argue some kind of motive that he wanted to kill his wife, it's -you know, she's got to have a basis to do that.

MS. WHELAN: It wouldn't be important, but --

MR. McALLISTER: Excuse me.
THE COURT: Just a moment. Let counsel finish.

MS. WHELAN: Sorry.
MR. McALLISTER: We are so far afield, and you have allowed her from the beginning -- and I didn't object in the beginning, but I am now -- you have allowed her to impeach her over issues that have nothing to do with this case. And, you know, if the government wants to prove that as a motive, let them bring in the witnesses, but don't do it by trying to impeach the witness
or claiming -- as a matter of fact, I don't know that it's impeachment. She said, you know, she knew about the emails.

If these were last year or --
THE COURT: Counsel, I think your argument is getting -- the question now is whether we admit these. Not the emails; that's yesterday's news. We're now talking about this exhibit, which is apparently his profile on this dating site.

At this point, Counsel, I'm going to sustain the objection on relevance grounds. I understand the argument, but it seems to me the fact that he used the same pictures in 2000 as he did in 2010 is just -- is really a stretch, and I think its relevance is becoming very thin.

And then I'm concerned about, not cumulative, but, you know, under Rule 403, kind of confusing the issues.

Now, I don't agree with
Mr. McAllister's statement that the divorce ten years prior is not relevant. I think it clearly is relevant in terms of the statements made by Mr. Steele, what he was aware of at the time in terms of what the consequences of the divorce would be, but this is a different issue.
life and that he wasn't feeling -- every time he came home, he wasn't feeling comfortable there.

And he was acting different. Things didn't seem the same as they had been over the 15 years, so I started feeling like something was up. So I started looking into his computer, and I came across some emails which indicated to me that he was looking for other women.

And I connected it up with the websites or website. I think there was one; there might have been a second one. And that's how I knew that he was communicating with other women on the Internet.
Q. You were computer-savvy enough to go into his computer and see what he was doing?
A. Yes. He never had denied me access to his computer.
Q. Ma'am, I just asked if you were computer-savvy enough to go into his computer.
A. To pull up his email account, yes.
Q. And that was back in 2000 ?
A. Around -- yes, 2000.
Q. So you created -- excuse me. Strike
that.
Your husband didn't tell you that he

You have laid the foundation. It may be at a later point, after I've seen whatever the communications are he may have had with the woman in the Ukraine or otherwise, that I may reconsider. But at this point, on relevance grounds, I'm going to sustain the objection.

You can renew the proffer at a later point. The foundation has been laid. I'm not concerned about that. I think the witness has identified this sufficiently, but I think the relevance right now has just not been established.

Okay. That's my ruling.
(Sidebar concluded.)
THE COURT: At this point, I'm going to sustain the objection to Exhibit 104. It may be proffered at a later point in time, but that will be the court's ruling at this point.
BY MS. WHELAN:
Q. Ma'am, how did you discover that your husband was on Match.com?
A. He was coming home from California and acting different than $I$-- than he had over the last 15 years of our marriage. He was being honest with me on how he was not happy being at home, and he didn't know what he wanted out of 814
was on a dating site?
A. No, he didn't.
Q. You created a fake profile to -- that you thought would match what you had seen as his likes to try to be matched up with him; correct?
A. Some of the likes in my -- well, some of his likes, yes. My likes were -- I put a lot of my own in that.
Q. One of the things you did is you talked about bagpipe music, which was something he specifically had put in; correct?
A. Oh, he loves bagpipe music.
Q. And you knew that that would create a match?
A. I didn't know it would create a match.
Q. You suspected it would create a match?
A. I was looking to see if it would create a match.
Q. You wanted to create a match so that you could have him email you, and then you could confront him with his betrayal?

MR. McALLISTER: Judge, I object to the form of that question. "Confront him"? I object to the form.

THE COURT: Rephrase.

BY MS. WHELAN:
Q. You wanted to --

THE COURT: Counsel, on reflection, I -- I'm going to overrule the objection. I think the witness can characterize it how she wishes to, but I think the characterization was not overly argumentative.

Go ahead and answer -- or rephrase now.
THE WITNESS: Can you reask the question now, please?
BY MS. WHELAN:
Q. Certainly, ma'am. You created your own match so that the two of you would be matched --
A. Possibly.
Q. -- and so that you could confront him with what you knew he was doing?
A. One, it was to try to confirm. I didn't know if mine would be a match, but I tried to make my profile such that it would be something he would respond to. And -- and -- I mean, yes. I mean --
Q. During this --
A. -- but I didn't know.
Q. During this time in your marriage, both you and the defendant were dishonest with each

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Q. And Mrs. Steele, isn't it true that you previously reviewed those emails at my office on March 8th or 9th, 2011?
A. Yes.
Q. And I had asked you to come in so that you wouldn't be surprised at trial with them, didn't I?
A. Yes, but I knew what they were before I went in. I just agreed to meet and come in and look at them.
Q. And we didn't visit. I didn't want you to be embarrassed or surprised at trial; correct?
A. I wasn't going to be embarrassed because I know about them.

MS. WHELAN: Your Honor, at this time, we are moving for the admission -- excuse me -- of Government's Exhibit 76, which contains with it a 902 certification, which have been reviewed by this witness and provided, of course, to defense.

THE COURT: Is there any objection?
MR. McALLISTER: Relevance, Your Honor.
THE COURT: Counsel, I need to see the -because I --

MS. WHELAN: Here, let me --
THE COURT: Well, perhaps it would be easier
other, weren't you?
MR. McALLISTER: Judge, I'm going to object to the form of that question, as well.

THE COURT: Overruled. You may answer.
THE WITNESS: Yes, there was some dishonesty there on both sides.
BY MS. WHELAN:
Q. You have indicated that you knew that your husband, the defendant, was writing to -- had been on a Ukrainian dating site. You knew that; right?
A. Yes.
Q. Are you aware that if you look at just women he emailed at least ten times or exchanged at least a hundred instant messages, there are well over 14,000 messages?
A. Well, I'm not aware of how many. I know that there were a lot.
Q. So you --
A. I didn't count each one.
Q. Did you know he was specifically writing to a 25 -year-old woman named Tatyana Loginova?
A. I became aware of that towards, I don't know, the end -- around the spring.

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if you just approach, and we can -- I just need to have an explanation of exactly what it is you're offering.
(Sidebar commences as follows:)
MR. McALLISTER: Did you say 96?
THE COURT: 76.
MR. McALLISTER: Okay.
THE COURT: And the dates of these communications, I'm assuming, are all --

MS. WHELAN: They're from January, Judge, of 2010 to June of 2010. I think --

THE COURT: And the only objection is relevance?

MR. McALLISTER: Judge, and to the volume here. There must be -- I don't know how many emails are attached. I think this would -- under 403, I think this would exclusively confuse the issue in the case.

And there is really no need to put this
in. She's -- she's testified that she was aware of the fact that he was communicating, working on a case, writing a book about this. And to put all these in is -- it's confusing. It's misleading.

THE COURT: Okay. I'll overrule the objection. The exhibit will be admitted. It
appears -- again, the government has made clear as to its theory as to what Mr. Steele's motive was, and I think this is certainly corroborative of that.

In terms of volume, I'm assuming we're not going to go through each page.

MS. WHELAN: No. I have highlighted certain pages, Judge. And, also, as -- well, there are 14,000 pages of different -- and --

THE COURT: So this isn't all of them?
MS. WHELAN: No. That's -- this is -- this is very few.

THE COURT: Okay. Well, I'll overrule the objection, and we'll admit the exhibit.
(Sidebar concluded.)
THE COURT: Exhibit 76 will be admitted and may be published to the jury.
(Government's Exhibit 76 admitted and published.)
MS. WHELAN: Thank you, Your Honor. BY MS. WHELAN:
Q. Ma'am, looking at this page of Exhibit 76, do you recognize those?
A. Yes.
Q. What are those?
A. Words similar to that, in that exact form, but that he would be saying that he was divorced and that he was very interested in that and that -- that our marriage was not what it was, that that's what he was going to be using for his ruse to get those women to respond. Yes, I did.
Q. Your husband lied to these women, didn't he?
A. He was setting up a ruse, and he knew that was the only way he could figure out what they were doing.
Q. Ma'am, he sent this to a young,

25-year-old Ukrainian woman, and he lied to her, didn't he?

MR. McALLISTER: Judge, I'm going to object as argumentative. There is no proof of that at this point.

THE COURT: Rephrase.
MS. WHELAN: I think maybe I can do
something else.
BY MS. WHELAN:
Q. Did your husband ever show you that this is who Tatyana Loginova was?
A. That looks like one of the many pictures of different girls that he showed me.
A. Those are pictures of my husband.
Q. Are those the same pictures that he used on Match.com?
A. Yes, and the same pictures he used later for his case.
Q. Ma'am, are they the same pictures that he used on Match.com?
A. Yes.
Q. Ma'am, are you aware that -- excuse me. Would you agree that your husband told Ms. Loginova he was on the website to find only one thing?
A. I'm not particularly aware of that particular one, but it fits with what he was doing.
Q. "I'm only here for one thing, to find my second half, a girl I cannot live without. I will settle for nothing less than pure and complete love this time. I settled for less once before and now know better. It was good. It lasted a long time and produced the greatest children in the world, but I deserve more. I will not have another American woman. Never again."

Did your husband tell you he was emailing this young woman those words?

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Q. So you would have --
A. I can't -- they're -- all -- all the girls I saw were pretty like this and very similar in body structure and face. I can't -- you know, off -- I can't remember her particularly because of one -- seeing it once or twice.
Q. According to you -- excuse me. Let me move on.

Would you agree that your marriage to your husband produced the greatest children in the world?
A. Absolutely.
Q. And did you know that he felt he had settled for less than pure and complete love when he married you?
A. That's not true.
Q. It's what he wrote.
A. To who?
Q. Ms. Loginova.
A. Yes, because he was setting up a ruse.
Q. Ma'am, that's what he told you, that he was setting up a ruse?
A. And that is the truth.
Q. What he told you; correct?
A. Yes, it's what he told me, and it is
the truth.
MS. WHELAN: Your Honor, I would move to strike. I know it's a delicate area, but she has no idea what his intentions were. It's --

MR. McALLISTER: Objection, Judge.
THE COURT: I'm going to allow -- the witness can -- the witness has testified as to her belief in that, and I think that's what she is indicating. So I'll allow the response to stand.

But I would caution the witness to phrase it in terms of her own belief and not suggest knowledge as to what Mr. Steele's intent was or was not, since that would be speculation.

## Proceed.

BY MS. WHELAN:
Q. Ma'am, you indicated yesterday that you weren't aware that your husband intended to go and meet these girls. You agree, though, that he wrote that he intended to come over for a visit that summer and that he wanted to meet the various girls that he had established contact with.

Were you aware that your husband was asking Ms. Loginova to travel to Kiev to meet him?
A. Yes.
Q. You were aware of that?
it's particularly the email that was funny. It's just that we would laugh and -- about that we didn't know that it was coming from a pretty young girl; that it could be anybody on the other side.

And please don't take -- please forgive
me. But, I mean, we would laugh and say if it was a fat, old man sitting there writing these emails and that he was actually communicating with.
Q. There is nothing sexual in tone of this email? It's just a young girl's words; correct?
A. I don't see anything sexual about it, unless I'm missing --
Q. Ma'am, I'm asking you to take a look at this. And while reading it might be difficult, would you agree that the words written by your husband sound like a lovesick teenager?
A. Yes.
Q. Looking at this email from March of 2010, again, it was your understanding from your husband, based upon what you said yesterday, that between his aortic aneurysm in November and just before his arrest, he had stopped communicating with these women. That wasn't true, was it?
A. You know, he told me that early on. At what point he picked it back up -- I knew he was
A. I was aware that that was going to be part of it. Particularly, you know, that's something that I -- I learned from one of his later letters that I saw, one letter that I saw when I was in your office. That was the one thing. But it followed with what I knew he was going to be doing.
Q. Ma'am, you indicated yesterday that you and your husband would sometimes sit together and laugh at the emails that were sent. Looking at this page from Ms. Loginova -- can you see that if you put your glasses on? I don't know how to --
A. It's --
Q. I'll try to make it better for you, ma'am.

Does that help?
A. There.
Q. Can you read that?
A. Yes, I can.
Q. What's funny about that email from this young woman?
A. What's funny about it?
Q. You said you and your husband would sit and laugh at emails. What's funny about it?
A. Well, what was funny is -- I'm not sure
going to be picking it back up, so I was going based off after his aortic aneurysm. And I knew he would be continuing with this case at some point when he felt better. So I don't --
Q. In this --
A. He was not lying to me. I knew he would be continuing.
Q. You didn't believe he was lying to you?
A. He was not lying to me.

MS. WHELAN: Your Honor, I would ask the court for some assistance here. We previously discussed this with the witness.

THE COURT: Again, I think the witness is expressing her own views. I'm going to allow it to stand. Go ahead and proceed.
BY MS. WHELAN:
Q. My question, though, was: You didn't believe he was lying?
A. He was not lying to me.

THE COURT: The question is: What did you believe?

THE WITNESS: Yes, I believed he was not lying to me.
BY MS. WHELAN:
Q. In this email, he tells Ms. Loginova he
has a genuine crush on her, doesn't he?
A. Yes.
Q. He compliments her smile and her eyes and her voice?
A. Yes.
Q. He discusses part of your family. He talks about your son Rex in this email?
A. Yes.
Q. He tells this young woman that he is "worried that Rex's mother will want to come and spend a few days at the ranch because that's where Rex is spending his whole spring break."

That doesn't cause you concern?
A. No, because I knew this was a ruse.
Q. Then he was lying to Ms. Loginova, wasn't he?
A. He was setting up a ruse, the same way the FBI agents did on my husband's arrest.
Q. He was lying to Ms. Loginova, wasn't he?
A. Just the way the FBI did on my husband's day of arrest, yes.

MR. McALLISTER: Objection. Move to strike as nonresponsive.

THE COURT: Sustained. I'll strike the last 829
BY MS. WHELAN:
Q. Mrs. Steele, your husband didn't need to fall in love to do research for a book, did he?
A. He wasn't falling in love with them.
Q. He didn't need to tell Ms. Loginova about your son or about what was -- where he lived in order to do research for a book, did he?
A. He didn't have to, but it -- but putting some reality into it makes it easier for him to -- to seem more real.
Q. He didn't need to share a picture of Missy's kittens for his research, did he?
A. If they talked about the kittens, why not?
Q. He didn't need to send a letter from the jail to Ms. Loginova expressing his love and wanting to have babies with her for research for his book, did he?
A. If he was continuing -- wanting to continue on the case, not knowing what his future was and not break it, why not?
Q. Ma'am, he could have made himself to be anybody in the world and made up fictional children, but he reported things about what was going on in your family, with your children, and
response.
Listen to counsel's question and answer the question directly, if you can.
BY MS. WHELAN:
Q. Your husband was lying to Ms. Loginova?
A. He was setting up a ruse.

THE COURT: The question is: Was Mr. Steele lying to the -- Ms. -- I'm not sure how you pronounce the name.

MS. WHELAN: Loginova.
THE COURT: -- Loginova?
THE WITNESS: He was setting up a pretend story.
BY MS. WHELAN:
Q. Which was not true?
A. Yes, it was not true.
Q. So it was a lie?

MR. McALLISTER: Judge, I object. That's a conclusion on the prosecutor's part at this point.

THE COURT: I think it's a question.
You may answer it.
THE WITNESS: In your terminology, yes, it was a lie. It was not a lie, in my belief; it was a ruse. It was a story he was telling to get her to respond and figure out the bride scam.

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his life, didn't he?
MR. McALLISTER: Object to the form of that --

THE WITNESS: Yes, he used --
THE COURT: Just a moment.
MR. McALLISTER: Object to the form of that question, if it was a question.

THE COURT: Let's rephrase it, Counsel. I think it needs to be stated more as a question, and it appeared to be somewhat compound, as well. BY MS. WHELAN:
Q. He could have pretended to be anybody on the Internet, couldn't he?
A. He could have, yes.
Q. He didn't -- he could have pretended to have children and given them fictional names instead of giving them real names, couldn't he have?
A. Yes, he could have, but he didn't and --
Q. Do you know what an intimacy request is, ma'am?
A. Not exactly, but I'm sure it's taking it to the next step of emails.
Q. And your husband didn't tell you that
he had made an intimacy request with Ms. Loginova, did he?
A. I know -- I don't know -- I know he was trying to set up a chat or conference. You know, what it's called, I don't know. But I knew about chat and so forth.
Q. But he didn't --
A. Or I don't know -- I know it as Skype. I don't know what it is over international.
Q. But he didn't tell you that he was asking for an intimacy request, did he?
A. Is the chat the same as intimacy? I don't know of the difference.
Q. In order to do research on this case, he didn't have to provide his contact information outside of the dating website, did he?
A. No, he didn't have to.
Q. Yesterday you indicated that your cat had kittens, you thought at the end of May or June. He didn't need to send pictures of those to a young woman, did he?

MR. McALLISTER: I'm going to object at this point, Judge, on relevance grounds.

THE COURT: Well, I think it's also been asked and answered. I think the question was

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Q. He told you --
A. -- with Loginova.
Q. -- he was doing research for a book in case you found out or went into his computer, just like you had in 2000? So he told you about it because of that, didn't he?
A. No. He told me about it because -- he told me about it because he knew of the past. He told me about it because he wanted to discuss it with me and how I felt about it and what he was doing. Because he wanted me to know what he was doing all the way through it so I would -- I would know that it was not like before.

And that's exactly what I did know. It was not like 2000. And this was nothing but research, trying to bring down the bride scam and finding -- discovering that there was a lot of criminal activity in it, and that he saw that there was a book to write in it because there was such a criminal activity in scamming Americans out of thousands of dollars.
Q. That's what your husband told you he was doing, wasn't it?
A. Yes, he told me that, and it was the truth.
asked earlier.
BY MS. WHELAN:
Q. But you would agree, based upon his testimony -- your testimony, that this is roughly the time that Missy had her kittens?
A. It was -- yeah, it's roughly around there. We also had another cat that was pregnant. It was around there, yes.
Q. Ma'am, it was your husband who asked Ms. Loginova for her address; correct? She wasn't trying to get his address, was she?
A. I can't testify to that. I don't know exactly how that went.
Q. Mrs. Steele, wouldn't you agree that your husband was on the dating website for the exact reason he stated, which was to find his "second half," a girl he couldn't live without?
A. This was the Russian girl? And please reask the question.
Q. Mrs. Steele, wouldn't you agree that your husband was on the dating website for the exact reason he stated in his emails to Ms. Loginova?
A. No, that's not the reason he was on the website --

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Q. Again, ma'am, that's what your husband told you?
A. Yes. And I believe it, and I know it's the truth.

MS. WHELAN: Move to strike the last part.
THE COURT: Sustained. I'll strike the last comment. The witness's statement that she believed it, however, will stand.
BY MS. WHELAN:
Q. Mrs. Steele, in the spring of 2010, your husband felt neglected by you, had fallen out of love, and was looking for a new wife to have more kids with, but he had to get rid of you and didn't want a divorce --
A. No.
Q. -- is that true?

MR. McALLISTER: Well, I object to the question, Judge, as to the form, compound nature, and the fact that it's pure argument.

THE COURT: Sustained.
BY MS. WHELAN:
Q. Mrs. Steele, you don't want to believe that your husband wanted you murdered, do you?

MR. McALLISTER: Objection to the form of the question.

THE COURT: Overruled. BY MS. WHELAN:
Q. You don't want to believe that, do you?
A. I don't believe it. And, no, I didn't believe it, but I understood that I had to find out and make sure and look at the evidence with a clear mind and let the evidence prove whether he was or not. But, no, I did not believe it.
Q. And you don't want to believe it?
A. At this point, I don't believe it.

It's not about what I want. I want to know that I
am safe and I make the right decision, because this is my life.
Q. Ma'am, your husband was writing to Ms. Loginova in January, February, March, April, May, and June. He had not ceased writing, had he?
A. No. And it was for the case, whether -- he told me he had stopped, which was right after his aneurysm, and then he picked it up --
Q. Mrs. Steele --
A. -- because he was going to pick it up as he felt better.
Q. Mrs. Steele, this is all based upon what your husband told you?

MR. McALLISTER: Objection, Your Honor.
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BY MR. McALLISTER:
Q. Mrs. Steele, have you ever been to Assistant United States Attorney Traci Whelan's office?
A. Yes.
Q. And on what occasions did you go there?
A. On September 21 -- I'm sorry --

September 20th and then on March 7th.
Q. All right. I want to begin with your visit with Ms. Whelan on the 20th. At that point in time, you were described by the government as the "victim" in this case; correct?
A. Yes.

MS. WHELAN: Your Honor, I'm going to object: one, to relevance; and, two, I think -- I have no idea where counsel is going -- relevance.

THE COURT: Well, I don't know where you're going, Mr. McAllister, but I don't see the relevance. What the government has characterized Ms. Steele as or what they have not would not seem to be relevant.

If you somehow quickly tie this into something relevant, I'll allow you some leeway. But if that's your question, I think we ought to just move on.

That misstates the testimony of this witness.
THE COURT: I'm going to allow the answer -- or the question to stand, but the witness can clarify if her assumptions are based upon anything else.

Why don't you rephrase the question for the witness. BY MS. WHELAN:
Q. Ma'am, this is based upon what your husband told you, isn't it?
A. It is based on conversations we have had and what he told me.
Q. And in 2000 , he was discovered on Match.com by you going into his computer?
A. Yes. And that was different.

MS. WHELAN: Move to strike the last portion.

THE COURT: Yes. I'll strike the last response. But the witness's answer that, yes -her answer in the affirmative concerning what occurred in 2000 will stand.

MS. WHELAN: Mrs. Steele, I don't have any other questions.

THE COURT: Mr. McAllister. CROSS-EXAMINATION

BY MR. McALLISTER:
Q. Well, when you went to Ms. Whelan's office, you had been told that you had certain rights as a victim; correct?

MS. WHELAN: Your Honor, I'm going to object and move for a sidebar.

THE COURT: All right.
(Sidebar commences as follows:)
THE COURT: If -- I think it is not relevant if you're going to make some showing or argue the government has breached its duty towards victims in this case. It's not relevant to any issue in the case, but I don't know where you're going.

MR. McALLISTER: I am making such an argument. And I'll represent to the court that this witness will testify that she was at Ms. Whelan's office, provided her --

MS. WHELAN: Can we lower our voices?
MR. McALLISTER: -- provided her with evidence in the case, and Ms. Whelan laughed at her. And that offended her greatly.

And she has conducted -- what was brought out by Ms. Whelan is that she came to her office to review letters. And Ms. Whelan even said, "Oh, I did this because I was concerned
about you."
And I'm entitled to put that in the proper perspective.

THE COURT: But why is it relevant?
MR. McALLISTER: It's relevant because she raised the issue in this case, and I think the jury has to --

THE COURT: Raised what issue?
MR. McALLISTER: Raised the issue about coming to her office and reading letters. She has raised that issue.

THE COURT: Okay. Well, I'm going to sustain the objection. I don't see any relevance to -- this interaction between the victim and the U.S. Attorney's Office, to me, is just not relevant to any issue in the case.

You know, I think there is no allegations of government misconduct. And, even if there were, it simply takes the jury's eye off of the ball as to what the issues are in the case.

Now, I'll give you some leeway. You can develop some of this if you're going to get back into something that is relevant. But simply putting into evidence any conflict between the U.S. Attorney's Office and Ms. Steele is just not

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Q. And, actually, it's not a tape. It's a recording; correct?
A. Yes.
Q. But those were the words that were used?
A. Yes.
Q. And, in fact, you told him that they didn't want you to listen to the recording, that you wanted to listen to the recording; correct?
A. Yes, I did.
Q. As a matter of fact, from the first time that the FBI told you about this so-called crime, you wanted to hear the recordings; correct?
A. Yes, I wanted to hear the recordings --
Q. Did you --
A. -- immediately.
Q. -- think or believe that your husband was intimidating you in that phone call?

MS. WHELAN: Objection, relevance.
THE WITNESS: No.
THE COURT: Just a moment. Give me -Counsel, I want to -- give me a moment. I want to review something.

Ladies and gentlemen, I'm going to
allow the witness to respond. I'm going to
relevant.
MS. WHELAN: Judge, I think that what you need to have the background on, as well, is that, through her attorney, Mrs. Steele made a formal complaint. Our office had to handle that. She has been advised that the complaint has been dismissed.

THE COURT: Well, that's the additional reason. It then creates a sideshow for the jury that the jury is going to get caught up in, and it's just not relevant to the proceedings.

So that's my ruling.
(Sidebar concluded.)
THE COURT: The objection is sustained. BY MR. McALLISTER:
Q. Mrs. Steele, I'm going to direct your attention to the recording that was made of a phone call between you and your husband on the 15th of June. Do you recall hearing that in the courtroom?
A. Yes.
Q. And do you recall that, in the phone call, he told you to "tell them it's not my voice on the tape"; correct?
A. Yes.

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overrule the objection, but I -- what -Ms. Steele's subjective belief, however, is not directly relevant. It's only -- again, perhaps it's the circumstantial evidence that we talked about on the first day of trial.

Ms. Steele is married to Mr. Steele for a period of time, and I think her experience -having been married to Mr. Steele, that her subjective belief may be indicative of Mr. Steele's intent, which is the only thing that's really relevant here, not what affect it had upon Mrs. Steele but only what intent he had in making the statements that he did.

And given the fact that she was married to Mr. Steele for many years, that her subjective belief may give the jury some indication as to what Mr. Steele's intent was based upon the fact that she was married to him for many years and had a relationship, sometimes the -- well, I'm going to leave it at that. I'm going to allow some leeway here and allow the witness to respond. BY MR. McALLISTER:
Q. Mrs. Steele, at the time of June 15th, when your husband had been jailed, you had been married 25 years; correct?
A. Yes.
Q. And you had had many, many conversations with him, I assume, over the 25 years?
A. Yeah. Thousands. Maybe even --
Q. And when he made this telephone call from the jail to you, he didn't know -- he hadn't listened to any recordings; correct?
A. No, he hadn't.
Q. And you hadn't listened to any recordings; correct?
A. No, not at that point.
Q. You asked for them, had you not?
A. I had asked to hear those tapes. I was asking to hear those tapes on June 12th, the day after his arrest.
Q. Okay. And no one provided you access to them; correct?
A. Not at that point, no.
Q. Okay. And you were asking FBI Agent Sotka; correct?
A. Yes, I was.
Q. And he didn't allow you to listen to the recordings; correct?
A. He kept telling me that he couldn't --
he had done this, I needed -- I needed to know that ugly truth if he had, because my life was at stake, and first and foremost is my life. That is why.
Q. All right. Now, when did you actually get a chance to listen to the recordings?
A. Ten days later, on the 21st of June.
Q. All right. And after listening to the recordings, did you change any opinion about your husband?
A. It ended up confirming my beliefs in my husband.
Q. All right. Did the FBI tell you that, in fact, someone named Larry Fairfax had placed the explosive device on your vehicle?
A. I found that out the night of June 15th -- late that night of June 15th, after they had arrested Larry Fairfax. That's when I knew.
Q. All right. And did you understand when you were -- well, did you want to see all the evidence in the case?
A. Yes, I did.
Q. All right. And have you, as of this day, seen all of the evidence?

MS. WHELAN: Objection, Your Honor.
couldn't meet with me and -- and telling me why he couldn't meet with me and the reasons. And I kept trying to say I wanted to hear them immediately. I wanted -- I was willing to jump in my car and could be there in nine hours because he is telling me that he has tapes.

MS. WHELAN: Your Honor, I'm going to object to hearsay as to what Special Agent Sotka said.

THE COURT: Sustained.
BY MR. McALLISTER:
Q. All right. Why did you want to listen to the recordings?
A. Because I didn't believe my husband did the crimes that they were telling me that he did. But, at the same time, it's an F -- it's FBI telling me that my husband had done this. They had me scared, telling me that there were two people out there to run me off the road.

We have had threats in the past. You know, I needed the truth. I needed -- even though I strongly believe my husband did not do this, I knew that, because my life was at risk, I had to look at the proof and let the FBI prove to me that my husband had done this.

Because if, from everything I believed,
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Foundation.
THE COURT: Sustained.
BY MR. McALLISTER:
Q. Did you review FBI reports, witness interviews, statements?
A. Yes.
Q. All right. You were concerned about

Larry Fairfax's activities; correct?
A. Yes.
Q. Let me take you back to when you left for your mom's house. I believe that was on -well, I'll ask you: Do you recall the date that you left your husband and traveled to Oregon City to see your mom?
A. Just prior to the arrest?
Q. Okay.
A. I mean, is that when you're referring to?
Q. No. I'm referring -- I believe -- I'm trying to ask --
A. I mean, the last time before his arrest?
Q. Yes.
A. That was May 28th.
Q. All right. And can you tell us a
little bit about your mom. How old is she?
A. Seventy-nine.
Q. Is she in good health?
A. No.
Q. How many times have you been called to assist her in Oregon City?
A. Oh, ten times. I -- I have lost count. It's been so many times.
Q. What is she suffering from?
A. Pancreatitis, a cyst on a pancreatitis, hernia, a lymph node which was diagnosed as lymphomic [sic] which blew into lymphonic [sic] -sorry -- but cancer, has been going under chemo. Plus, she fights diabetes, which makes all of these procedures hard.

I mean, it was like it just kept going, one thing after the other, on top of each other. We'd just get her feeling where we thought she was on the road to recovery, and she would be hit with something else.
Q. All right. And when you went to your mother's house on -- in May, she was -- needed you; correct?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay. Do you recall that the FBI came 849
there supposedly going to run you off the road; correct?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay. And did the FBI agents, the two of them that were present, remove your cell phone?
A. I'm not sure they removed it. They
asked me for it, and I handed it to them.
Q. Okay. Were you in any way uncooperative that morning?
A. Other than not believing my husband, I cooperated and followed everything that they asked us to do.
Q. Okay. After -- well, what did you do the rest of that day?
A. The FBI agents were there until about $10: 30,10: 45$, at which point they assured my mom and I that we were no longer in danger, that the two men were -- were --

MS. WHELAN: Objection. Hearsay.
THE COURT: Sustained.
BY MR. McALLISTER:
Q. All right. Despite the fact that someone may have told you you weren't in danger, did you think you still were?
A. Yes.
to your mother's house on the early morning of Friday, June 11th?
A. Yes, I do.
Q. Okay. And the FBI agents there advised you that your life might be at risk; correct?
A. Yes.
Q. And did they search your vehicle?
A. No, not -- no.
Q. Did they look under --
A. They didn't tell me they did. They didn't search my vehicle, no.
Q. Okay. But they told you you were in danger; correct?
A. Yes. They said there were two men out there waiting to run me off the -- run us off the road.

MS. WHELAN: Objection. Hearsay. Move to strike.

MR. McALLISTER: I think it's offered,
Judge, in response to what's already been presented by the FBI.

THE COURT: Well, I'll sustain the objection. Strike the last response.
BY MR. McALLISTER:
Q. You learned that there were two men out
Q. Why?
A. Because we'd had many threats to our lives in the last ten years. And I didn't -- I knew something was wrong. I wasn't sure if there was other people out there to get me.

I didn't -- I didn't feel like I had the facts to know that I was still safe. I wasn't sure that this wasn't somebody coming after my husband, and they were using me to get him.

I didn't know. I was scared because my life was being threatened.
Q. You were informed that your husband had been arrested; correct?
A. Yes, I had.
Q. Were you able to get back to the Coeur d'Alene area?
A. I did on the 13th.
Q. And how did you get back?
A. I had -- I made arrangements for a friend of mine to drive me back, because I was in no condition to be making a 425 -- 40-mile trip back home.
Q. Okay. And when you returned home -- or excuse me. When you returned to the Coeur d'Alene area, did you go to your home?
A. For about a half-hour, 45 minutes with my friend, but I left and went back to Coeur d'Alene at -- well, I had to take her to the airport because she had to fly home, and then I went to stay in Coeur d'Alene and meet my son.
Q. All right. Why didn't you stay at your house?
A. I did not feel safe there. I didn't know that my life wasn't still in danger. I did not feel --
Q. And on the Sunday telephone recording between you and your husband, what did he tell you about staying at home?
A. He told me he didn't want me staying at home, and he felt that it was safer for me not to be home. He also told me he didn't even want to know where I was. He strongly recommended that I didn't stay at home, that I was making the right decision.

MR. McALLISTER: Your Honor, are we at a point that would be convenient to break yet?

THE COURT: We could do so. We're about ten minutes early, but we could take the break now if we need to.

THE WITNESS: Please.
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Q. And in that conversation -- well, let me ask the question this way: Have you had a chance to review an actual transcript of what is heard on the recording?
A. Yes.
Q. Do you recall your exact words when
the -- after your husband asked you about the recording, what you wanted to do?
A. Yes. I don't know if I could repeat it word for word, but --
Q. All right. Well, let me ask the question this way: If I showed you a copy of the transcript, would you know your exact words?
A. Yes.

MR. McALLISTER: Your Honor, if I could refresh the witness's recollection as to her exact words.

THE COURT: Yes. I have turned off the jury screen.
BY MR. McALLISTER:
Q. Do you see on the monitor a typed transcript of the conversation?
A. Yes, I do.
Q. All right. Do you see the part that is indicated as "Cyndi"?

THE COURT: All right. Let's take a -we'll take the recess at this time. Let's take 20 minutes at this point. We will reconvene at 25 minutes after.

I'll again admonish the -- actually, I guess 10:30. I'll admonish the jury not to discuss the case among themselves or with anyone else, nor should they form or express any opinions about the case until it is submitted to them.

We'll be in recess.
(Recess.)
(Jury present.)
THE COURT: I'll note the jury's presence.
Ms. Steele has retaken the witness stand.
I'll remind you, you are still under oath.

You may continue your cross-examination of the witness, Mr. McAllister.

MR. McALLISTER: Thank you, Your Honor. BY MR. McALLISTER:
Q. Ms. Steele, before the recess, I believe I was asking questions about June 13th, 2010, recorded conversation that you had with your husband while he was in jail.
A. Yes.
A. Yes.
Q. All right. What did you say?
A. I said, "They weren't the ones insisting that I listen to the tapes. I asked to hear the tape" -- should have been "recording." "It is my choice whether I want to hear them or not."
Q. All right. And what were you telling your husband? Who was "they"?
A. "They" referred to the authorities. I probably meant the FBI because that's who -- that was the only authorities that I was aware of that I had any contact with at the time.
Q. Okay. Did this discussion with your husband influence your testimony in any way?
A. No.

MS. WHELAN: Objection. Relevance.
THE COURT: Sustained. I'll strike the last response.
BY MR. McALLISTER:
Q. After this discussion, did you, in fact, make further efforts to listen to the recording, which were called "tapes"?
A. Yes.
Q. What did you do?
A. I had obtained an attorney and was asking him to make arrangements for me to listen to the tapes, since they hadn't been provided to me yet -- or a chance -- the chance to listen to the tapes hadn't been provided to me yet.
Q. Were the actual recordings ever provided to you?
A. On the 21st of June.
Q. No. I meant did you actually get a disk, or did you ever physically get the recordings?

MS. WHELAN: Objection. Relevance.
THE WITNESS: No.
THE COURT: Just a moment. The objection is what?

MS. WHELAN: The objection is relevance.
THE COURT: Well, again, at this point, it is irrelevant. But if you're going somewhere else with this that leads us to something relevant, Mr. McAllister, I'll give you some leeway. If that was your only question, I'll sustain the objection and direct you to move on. BY MR. McALLISTER:
Q. Well, you finally, on June 21st, had an opportunity to listen to the recordings; correct?

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earlier that you had a friend drive you back to the Coeur d'Alene area on Sunday, June 13th; correct?
A. From Oregon, she drove me up to Sagle and then back to the airport. And then from the airport, I actually drove myself because she had to fly home.
Q. Okay. And you stayed with your son Rex that night in a motel or hotel in the Coeur d'Alene area; correct?
A. Yes, I did.
Q. All right. And on the 14th, there was -- you were intending to appear at a hearing in this case; correct?
A. Yes.
Q. And it got postponed until the next day, Tuesday, the 15 th?
A. Yes.
Q. All right. If you could tell us, Mrs. Steele, what did you do on June 15 th?
A. June 15 th, my son and I prepared to check out of the hotel room. I think at that point, we were still trying to ensure that my husband had his counsel in place so he would have representation at his hearing.
A. Yes, I did.
Q. Where did that take place?
A. That took place at my attorney's office.
Q. All right. And who provided the recordings to you?
A. Mr. - I'm sorry -- Agent Sotka, and I believe it was -- I believe the other person at that meeting was Agent Don Robinson.
Q. All right. Now, your husband at that point had been in jail for ten days; correct?
A. Yes.
Q. And you continued to have conversations with him; correct? On the telephone?
A. With my husband?
Q. Yes.
A. Not after the 15th of June.
Q. Okay. So there was no further contact before you listened to the recording; correct?
A. No, there was not.
Q. All right. Did you -- how many times did you ask for the recordings?
A. I don't remember, but I -- I wanted to hear those recordings.
Q. All right. I believe you testified

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And then we checked out of the hotel, which was, I believe, right around 11:00. His hearing wasn't until -- 4:30 is the time that comes to my mind; that might be off by a half-hour or so.

And we had time to spare. I didn't have time to run home or really do anything, so I decided that I was going to get the -- do something productive to keep my mind preoccupied and get my oil changed in my car. Because I had been traveling a lot. The oil change in my car was overdue.

And so I decided to take my car in, get the oil changed. My son had his car there, so he was actually headed to Schuck's or some automotive place because he had a headlight out, and we were concerned for him going back that night because he had to get back to college to -- because he had a job down at school or -- at school.

So he went one way, I went the other way, and we were going to meet back up and have some lunch and then go to my husband's hearing.
Q. All right. And during this time, you went to have the oil changed; correct?
A. Yes.
Q. And what happened after you went to the facility to have the oil changed?
A. Well, they had me pull my car into the bay. It's one that sits underneath. And I went out to sit in the -- they have -- they have you go out and sit in the waiting room while they change your oil.

And they first came in, and they showed me my air filter and said it was pretty dirty, and I told them to change it. And then it was a few -- a minute or so later, one of the mechanics came in and asked me to come with him because he had something to show me.

At that point, I'm going, "What's wrong with my car? What is this going to cost me? Am I going to know whether it's important to have fixed?" And that was all I needed on top of everything else. I was expecting it to be a hole in my oil pan or whatever.

And so I followed him. And he actually took me down the stairs that goes under the car where they do their work of changing the oil. And I'm walking -- the car is facing out this way, so I'm walking down this way, so on the driver's side.

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that you believed that others were still out there; correct?
A. Yes. I have -- I had feared -- I
feared -- I mean, I have always feared because of our past threats, but that was bringing that home to me that others could. And then my husband is in jail, and then I see this five days -- four days later, I find this bomb on my car.
Q. All right. Now, you indicated, I believe, or Ms. Whelan used the phrase "people coming after your husband." Do you recall that?
A. I have said that many times, yes.
Q. All right. Now, your husband is a lawyer; correct?
A. Yes, he is.
Q. Is it fair to say that he represented unpopular causes?
A. Yes.
Q. And is it fair to say that previous threats on your life were made?
A. Yes.
Q. And, in fact, you've turned those over in the past to the law enforcement authorities?
You've reported them; correct?
A. Yes.

And he has me turn around, and he points to the area right under my -- the driver's seat, and there I saw a pipe that was about that big around (indicating) strapped to the bottom of my car with green fuses running across, which later I understood was headed towards my exhaust.

The mechanic said did I know what that was. And I said, "It looks like a pipe bomb."

And then I went -- I think the -- I don't recall the exact order of things being said, but he asked me if I wanted him to remove it. And I immediately said, "No. Don't touch it."

And I started muttering things about that I just had threats on my life and that we needed to get the car out of there.

Afterwards, I felt that I probably shouldn't have even had them move the car, but I can't say I was really -- I was shocked. I mean, I was petrified to -- thinking about this bomb that had been on my car.
Q. Let me interrupt at this point, if I could, Mrs. Steele, and ask you this question: Your husband was in jail at this point; correct?
A. Yes, he was.
Q. But you have indicated or testified

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Q. All right. Who is it that he would represent or has represented in the past that led to threats being made on you or him?

MS. WHELAN: Objection. Relevance.
THE COURT: I'll give counsel some leeway. I'm not sure I see the relevance, but you may answer.

THE WITNESS: Aryan Nations. Actually, he didn't represent the Aryan Nations. He was representing Richard Butler. He has represented the Christines. He has represented -- I can't remember the gentleman's name, but various groups like that or people like that.
BY MR. McALLISTER:
Q. And based upon those cases, you and your family members received threats?
A. Yes, each of my children, and I personally have, besides my husband.
Q. All right. At this point when it was discovered on your vehicle, did you know where Larry Fairfax was?
A. No.
Q. Okay. Were you concerned at all about him?
A. Yes.
Q. Why?
A. Because I knew he was involved in this case.
Q. All right.
A. And he had been -- and he had also been doing things that, before my husband's arrest, that was leading towards criminal activities. And so I didn't --

MS. WHELAN: Objection.
THE WITNESS: -- trust him.
MS. WHELAN: Objection. Foundation, speculation. Move to strike.

THE COURT: Sustained. I'll direct the jury to disregard the witness's response.

Mr. McAllister.
BY MR. McALLISTER:
Q. Prior to June 15th, you had learned that Larry Fairfax had secretly entered your house; correct?
A. Yes. I had learned that towards the end of May.
Q. All right. But at this point in time you didn't know that any silver was missing, did you?
A. Not at that point, no.

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that he needed to get back to the oil change place, which he did. And so they were also interviewing him and myself.

And then they wanted to take us to, I believe it was the Kootenai -- I don't know the exact name, but the Kootenai Police Department, somewhere around Kathleen Street. And so we were escort -- not escorted -- driven to the police station and where they further were asking us questions in relationship to what I had -- or the mechanic discovered on my car.
Q. Did you get to the courthouse and to your husband's hearing?
A. Yes, because I kept saying that I wanted to be at my husband's hearing.
Q. Now, at that hearing, were you still quite scared?
A. I was petrified, because I had no clue who put that bomb on my car.
Q. All right.
A. And, as far as I know, they did not know, either.
Q. Okay. "They" meaning the law enforcement?
A. Law enforcement.
Q. Okay. Now, the authorities were called, correct, at the oil-changing station?
A. Yes. Somebody from the oil place had called. I had made a call; but, by the time I made the call to the authorities, they had said that authorities were already on the way.
Q. Okay. And, in fact, the authorities were able to safely remove the device from your car; correct?
A. They ended up removing it safely, but I really didn't know that until later in the day because I wasn't there for -- I wasn't present in that area for the whole removal.
Q. Okay. Did you get your vehicle back?
A. Very late that next night.
Q. Okay. And what did you do on June 15th after the device was found?
A. I was there at the scene for a while. Different authorities -- some were in police uniforms, and then I believe they were agents. I don't know if they -- I don't know what capacity they were in -- were interviewing me and were interviewing my son, who was also there.

Because, by that time -- well, I had also called -- I had also called him and told him

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Q. Did anyone offer you protection?

MS. WHELAN: Objection. Relevance.
THE COURT: Sustained.
BY MR. McALLISTER:
Q. I'll ask it this way: Did you seek protection?

MS. WHELAN: Objection. Relevance. Judge, we had a sidebar about this.

THE COURT: Well, I'm going to sustain the objection.
BY MR. McALLISTER:
Q. Were you provided any protection?
A. No. I was told they would not protect me.

MS. WHELAN: Objection. Relevance.
THE COURT: Sustained. I'm going to caution the witness. The court has ruled previously, and I think it was pretty clear. The answer was, simply, "Were you provided --," yes or no. And you can answer that but nothing more.

Mr. McAllister, go ahead. Put another
question back before the witness.
BY MR. McALLISTER:
Q. What did you do after that evening?
A. After my husband's hearing, we still
didn't -- they had also, at my son and my request, had taken my son's car. So we had no transportation, because I was concerned for all my kids. And I had made calls for them to have their cars checked out wherever they were. Some were -and my mom's car.

And so we needed to go someplace. And because I wasn't getting protection, I had --

MS. WHELAN: Objection.
THE WITNESS: Because I was not getting -MS. WHELAN: Objection.
THE COURT: Just a moment. I'm going to sustain the objection.

And I think we're getting into a narrative response, as well, Mr. McAllister. If you'll put a question back before the witness. MR. McALLISTER: I will. I will. BY MR. McALLISTER:
Q. Now, did you discover who, in fact, actually put the bomb on your car?
A. Much later that night.
Q. All right. And how did you discover that?
A. At first, they were going to allow my son to have his car back later that night, when

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Mr. McAllister, again, I think we're getting into narrative, which is why we're going to be getting these kind of objections. So can you put questions back before the witness?
BY MR. McALLISTER:
Q. Did you learn that Mr. Fairfax had been arrested?
A. Yes.
Q. And you learned for the first time that he admitted putting the device on your car?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay. Ms. Whelan asked you questions earlier about the so-called Russian bride scam. Do you recall that?
A. Yes.
Q. What is that?
A. It is where Russian women --

MS. WHELAN: Your Honor, I'm going to object as to foundation. This witness can testify as to what she believes it is, and with that --

THE COURT: Rephrase the question, Counsel. BY MR. McALLISTER:
Q. What do you understand the Russian bride scam to be, in your mind?
A. Russian brides setting up Internet

1 they were finished checking it out. And between my son and I -- and I don't remember exactly when we talked to Agent Sotka and maybe another agent about when that was going to happen. I think that was about, I don't know, 9:00-- 8:00, 9:00. Time was not of that importance. It was getting late.

And we finally got -- well, we had been -- we had been taken to -- we had asked to be taken to ShopKo in Coeur d'Alene to drop us off. And we were staying -- we were sitting in Shari's and got a call and that Rex's car was ready to -- for him to get it back. And they were going to make arrangements to come and pick us up and meet, and we told them where we were, and they were going to come and pick us up.

And when they -- and I believe they had told me that I, too, was going to get my car back, contrary to what I was told earlier, that they were, then, going to --

MS. WHELAN: Your Honor --
THE WITNESS: -- let me get my car back --
THE COURT: Just a moment. When I'm trying
to -- you need to understand, if there is an
objection, I have to rule on it before you -before you can continue.
dating to try to encourage men of -- American men to become interested in them, sending them -eventually turning into sending them money, gifts, and with the hopes that they can make a connection to finally be sent money such that they end up coming -- it's a way for them to either come to the United States or to get the money and then never come to the United States because all they have been after is money.
Q. And your husband, in fact, had been working on a project relating to the Russian bride scam for a number of years; correct?

MS. WHELAN: Objection. Form of the question.

MR. McALLISTER: Well, Judge, I'm entitled to do that at this point.

THE COURT: Overruled.
THE WITNESS: Yes.
BY MR. McALLISTER:
Q. All right.
A. Well, it started sometime in 2009, I believe.
Q. Okay. And, in fact, he was successful in finding out that the Russian bride scam at one point was being operated from Florida; correct?
A. Yes.

MS. WHELAN: Objection. Foundation.
THE COURT: Sustained.
BY MR. McALLISTER:
Q. Did you learn that, in fact, the

Russian bride scam was being operated out of Florida?
A. Yes.

MS. WHELAN: Objection. Foundation.
THE COURT: Sustained.
BY MR. McALLISTER:
Q. All right. You were actually working with your husband on this project; correct?
A. At times, yes.
Q. Did he keep anything from you, to your knowledge?
A. No.
Q. All right. Now, Ms. Whelan asked you about whether or not your husband was lying, and I think your answer was "a ruse"?
A. Yes.
Q. Can you tell us what you mean by "a ruse"?
A. That he was making up a story that would -- would convince these women that he was

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that you and your husband laughed about them because they were probably written by fat, old men?
A. Yes.
Q. All right. Is this -- would you
characterize this exchange of emails or letters as "cyberspace fantasies"?
A. Very much so.
Q. Why?
A. Because it was -- I mean, it was a
fantasy. I mean, it was a -- it wasn't -- it
wasn't -- I mean, it wasn't true. It wasn't even
true with what the girls were saying because they were out for money.

MS. WHELAN: Objection. Foundation, speculation.

THE COURT: Sustained.
BY MR. McALLISTER:
Q. All right. Based upon the work with your husband, did you determine whether or not he was a good writer?
A. He is an excellent writer.
Q. Could he write one of these communications, emails, letters and sound like a lovesick teenager?
real, so that he could figure out how these women were responding.

And he was doing it with several of them and trying to -- to see the likenesses between the responses from each of these girls and to just -- to see how each one were coming back with a lot of the same -- it was like they had a playbook or a script that they were writing from and that there was a lot of similarities in how they were responding and not a lot of individuality in it.

MS. WHELAN: Objection. Nonresponsive, Your Honor. The question was: Can you describe what "a ruse" is. I would move to strike.

THE COURT: I think the response did go beyond the question.

I'll instruct the jury to disregard anything beyond a mere description of what was meant by the word "ruse."

Mr. McAllister.
BY MR. McALLISTER:
Q. When you reviewed these responses, you didn't think they were real, did you?
A. No.
Q. As a matter of fact, I think you said
A. Yes.
Q. All right. Is it fair to say that you and your husband were committed enough that money was actually spent on small gifts that were sent?
A. Yes. Because we -- he had discussed it with me before, and I -- I had no problem; told him, "Yes, go ahead."
Q. In other words, you didn't object to the family's money being spent on this project?
A. No, I didn't.
Q. And you were aware of it?
A. Yes, I was.
Q. Okay. Now, you were asked a number of questions about the relationship between you and your husband in 2010. Do you recall that?
A. Yes.
Q. No divorce ever happened; isn't that true?
A. That's true.
Q. There was a period of separation, and you and your husband reunited; correct?
A. Yes, we did.
Q. And then Ms. Whelan said, "The ranch did not fit in his future." Do you recall her quoting your husband on that phrase?
A. Yes, I do.
Q. And that wasn't true in 2000 -- that statement may have been true in 2000; correct?
A. Yes.
Q. But, in reality, he spent the next ten years living with you and your children at the ranch; correct?
A. Yes, he did.
Q. All right. Did he ever leave you during those ten years?
A. No.
Q. Did he ever not provide for you and the children?
A. No.
Q. Has he ever threatened you?
A. Never.
Q. Okay. Has he ever harmed you in any way?
A. No.
Q. The questions were put about the fact that, in your family, you stored silver in your house; correct?
A. Yes.
Q. And based upon an investigation, you decided to do an accounting of the silver;

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about that; correct?
A. Many times, because he was working with the -- as an attorney, was trying to work with the mortgage company to help her either get a modification or to -- to try to get the pending foreclosure resolved such that she could remain in her home and not lose her home.
Q. Okay. In your 25 -- now 26 -- years of marriage, did your husband ever threaten your mother?
A. No.
Q. Did he ever talk negatively about your mother?
A. He would complain sometimes, but never negatively. I mean, not -- you know, typical mother-in-law things. But most of the time, it was always positive and the respect he had for her.
Q. Now, isn't it true that your husband told you to go to his mother's -- go to your mother, that she needed your help more than he needed when he was ill?

> A. During --
> MS. WHELAN: Objection. Hearsay.
> THE COURT: Rephrase.
correct?
A. Yes.
Q. And did you know that, prior to June 11th, that your husband, in fact, was selling or cashing in silver?
A. Yes, I did, because we had talked about it.
Q. And what was your agreement about cashing in silver?
A. Our agreement was that we were going to take our savings in silver and sell that silver so that we could pay and help my mom, so that we could pay off the extreme amount of medical expenses that we had from his procedures, so that we could pay off -- start paying off our credit card debt that we had incurred, and to pay our bills.
Q. All right. You said help your mom. Did your husband actually go out of his way to help your mom?
A. Yes. He paid -- he paid, at the end -towards the end of May, $\$ 3,000$ to get her house off the foreclosure list, because my mom was starting to struggle financially.
Q. All right. And he talked with you

## BY MR. McALLISTER:

Q. Did you go to --

THE COURT: Well, I'm sustaining the objection. I don't know that you can correct the problem by rephrasing it, but move on to another question or else approach the subject without reference to what Mr. Steele said.
BY MR. McALLISTER:
Q. Did you go to your mother's aid and assistance with your husband's blessings?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay. Did you discuss the fact that you had to help her with her medical issues and problems?
A. We discussed it all the time.
Q. Did he ever object to your leaving him to go to your mother's?
A. He never objected -- he never objected. He was always sad to see me go, but he never objected.
Q. All right. And when you were at your mother's, would you and your husband speak on the telephone?
A. A lot of times.
Q. Okay.
A. Numerous times.
Q. Have you had a chance, prior to testifying today, to review the telephone records or bills for the phone in your house and your husband's cell phone?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay. And did you spend a lot of time verifying the calls and the numbers that were reflected on it?
A. Yes.
Q. All right.

MR. McALLISTER: Your Honor, at this time I would offer Defendant's Exhibit 2000, which has previously been provided to the government.

THE COURT: Any objection?
MS. WHELAN: Your Honor, the objection is there are many other numbers on there other than, I think, what Mr. McAllister is going to.

He did provide an exhibit that covers January to June. And if he is going to use part of it, I'd ask that the entire exhibit that he provided us be admitted.

MR. McALLISTER: I don't have any problem with that, Judge, but I do want to focus on the relevant months.

THE COURT: You have it on the screen? MR. McALLISTER: I do, Your Honor.
THE COURT: I'm publishing it to the jury. BY MR. McALLISTER:
Q. Now, Mrs. Steele, Exhibit 2000, there is a telephone number, 208-290-2700. Do you know whose number that is?
A. That's my husband's cell phone number.
Q. All right. And can you tell us what your cell phone number is?
A. 208-290-2701.
Q. All right. And these records will reflect times that you and your husband spoke to each other on your phones; correct?
A. These reflect when we spoke on our cell phones, yes.
Q. And in your review of the records, isn't it true that most of those conversations occurred when you were away from home?
A. Most of them would, yes.
Q. All right. And when you were home, there aren't a lot of calls; correct?
A. Well, no.
Q. Okay. Because you talked to each other?

THE COURT: All right. So all of the -we're in agreement, then, that the entire exhibit as marked will be admitted without objection?

MS. WHELAN: His exhibit is not the entire exhibit.

MR. McALLISTER: Well, I have provided the entire exhibit, and we can remark it.

THE COURT: I have used the word "exhibit." The entire document. The exhibit is only part of a larger document, and the government is requesting that the entire document be provided. And there is no objection to that?

MR. McALLISTER: That's correct.
THE COURT: All right. Then we'll admit Exhibit 2000, and the government may mark as a separate exhibit the entire document and cover that either on redirect -- recross with this -- I guess redirect with this witness, or through another witness.

All right. Exhibit 2000 will be admitted and may be published to the jury if you have a copy of it to show them.
(Defendant's Exhibit 2000 admitted and published.)
MR. McALLISTER: I do, Your Honor.
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A. At home, yes.
Q. I want to direct your attention to May of 2010. I'll direct your attention to -- well, first of all, I'll direct your attention to 10:30 a.m. on May the 15th. Do you see that call?
A. Yes, I do. Yes.
Q. And do you see that the call lasted for some 27 minutes?
A. Yes.
Q. Do you recognize the number that was called?
A. Well, it's 20 -- it's 290-2701. It's my cell phone number.
Q. All right. And does that help you determine whether or not you talked that day with your husband?
A. Yes.
Q. All right. And that was at 10:30 a.m.; correct? According to the record?
A. According to the record, yes.
Q. And then there is another call at 7:30 p.m.; correct?
A. Yes.
Q. Also between your number and your husband's number; correct?
A. Yes.
Q. And then, directing down the page, there is another call on $5 / 18$; correct?
A. Can you move it up just a little?
Q. I'm sorry. Yes. There is actually a copy there in front of you if you need a paper copy, if it's easier.

THE COURT: Counsel, you might zoom in a little bit to help the jury read it. It's fairly small print.

THE WITNESS: Okay. Oh, wait a minute. I'm on -- it's probably easier for me here because I can't find it on here.
BY MR. McALLISTER:
Q. That's fine. Whatever is the most efficient way.

Directing your attention again to
May -- well, I believe I was talking about May the
15th at 2:05 -- actually, it's at 5:03 p.m. Do
you recognize that telephone call?
A. Yes, I do. That's my -- and that's my
cell phone number.
Q. All right. And continuing down the page, is there another call of 33 minutes between your husband and you?
A. We were talking about my mom's house and mortgage and trying to figure out what the next steps were to help her.

I was relying on my husband because of his attorney background, and he -- and earlier on, it was decided that, because of my mom's health issues -- because she lived on, oh, one-third of an -- I don't know. She had a large place, a large house, living by herself that -- and she -and with her agreement that we needed to sell the house, and he was trying to help me with that, what we should -- you know, economy was bad.
Q. Let me interrupt at this point. It was common when you were at your mother's house, away from your own house, to call your husband; correct?
A. Or he would call me. It just depended.
Q. Right. But this took place on June the 10th in the evening; correct?
A. Yes.
Q. All right. Now, did you also go
through the records looking for telephone calls with Larry Fairfax?
A. I went through every single phone number on this -- I identified every single phone
A. Yes, on May 20th.
Q. All right. Now, isn't it true that there is sort of a pattern in these records that your husband only spends time on the phone in any lengthy discussion, like more than five minutes, with you or the children or relatives?
A. Yes.
Q. All right. Let's go to June -- June the 10th. Are you able to recognize the call for 32 minutes on June the 10th?
A. For 32 minutes? I thought -- that doesn't --
Q. I'm sorry?
A. Doesn't it say "43"?
Q. Yes, it does. My mistake.

On June the 10th, there is a call to your cell phone at 9:23 p.m., and it took 43 minutes, or you were billed for 43 minutes; correct?
A. Yes.
Q. All right. Now, this is the day before your husband's arrest; correct?
A. Yes, it is.
Q. What were you talking about for 43 minutes?
number on this except for two that were either disconnected or I couldn't figure out -- it was just one number I could not come up with.
Q. Was this part of your investigation into the facts of this case?
A. Yes, it was.
Q. All right. Isn't it true that the

Fairfax number, there is rarely a call longer than one minute?
A. That's about anything that I could find with Fairfax.
Q. Okay. Let me go back to the silver again, because I failed to ask you one question.

You're aware of the fact -- and you've done an accounting, I believe -- on how much silver was cashed in prior to your husband's arrest; correct?
A. Yes.
Q. And at the time of -- and what was that number, approximately?
A. Well, it was $\$ 55,290.80$.
Q. All right. And at the time of his arrest, how much of that was still in your bank account?
A. It was $\$ 37,000$. I'm -- that -- I don't
have the exact number, but it was $\$ 37,000$.
Q. Did you have -- did your husband use this money for anything? Well, I'll ask --
A. Well, not the 37,000 , but the
difference between 55,000 and odd dollars and the 37-, he used that for my mom's mortgage; he used that to start paying off -- he was using that to start paying off our -- or his medical expenses; he was using that to pay our bills, which ran about $\$ 10,000$ a month. And, also, we were going to start trying to get our -- our credit card debt paid off.
Q. All right. Did you find any evidence anywhere that he had given Larry Fairfax $\$ 10,000$ ?
A. No.
Q. Or $\$ 10,000$ in silver coins?
A. No.
Q. All right. Directing your attention to November the 21st, 2009, you were with your husband; correct?
A. Give me the date again.
Q. I believe it's November the 21st --
A. Yes.
Q. -- 2009; correct?
A. Yes.
A. It was longer than that, but that is how long he was on the respirator.
Q. Okay. And did he actually remain in the hospital for a month?
A. He was checked out on December 9th, so it wasn't quite a month.
Q. All right. And at that time he returned home, you actually had to have help to care for him, like nursing help; correct?
A. Yes. The first night he went home, I -- because I could not get home -- back home from taking care of my mom who was in the hospital, I had called my son. He excused himself from college and went up. And then I made arrangements for a live-in home nurse to come and be with him until I could get home.
Q. All right. And your husband, after this near-death event, I believe, in your words, was not the same person; correct?
A. Not during that time. He was -- you know, he was hallucinating and -- and not remembering things. And he was extremely weak. He was not at all like himself during that time.
Q. And your husband became extremely ill that day; correct?
A. It was -- he almost died that day.
Q. All right. And he was basically rushed to the hospital and diagnosed with what I believe is called a descending aortic aneurysm; correct?
A. I always get the "descending" and "ascending" mixed up, but that sounds correct.
Q. All right. And essentially what this is that he was bleeding internally. He had -- he had a life-threatening illness; correct?
A. Yes. Because when the aortic -- when the aortic burst, blood was flowing around his heart and restricting it.

MS. WHELAN: Your Honor, I'm going to object as to foundation.

THE COURT: Sustained.
MR. McALLISTER: All right. BY MR. McALLISTER:
Q. As a result of him being taken to the hospital, did he get placed on a heart-and-lung machine?
A. Yes. I believe I always referred to it as a "respirator," but it was a heart-and-lung machine when they did the operation.
Q. And did you understand that this was the result of the medication that he was taking?
A. Very much so, because the doctors explained that this was very common in patients that had suffered what he had.

MS. WHELAN: Your Honor --
THE COURT: Just a moment.
MS. WHELAN: Object as to hearsay.
THE COURT: I'll sustain the objection as to the witness's description of what the doctors told her. The jury is instructed to disregard that.

Proceed.
BY MR. McALLISTER:
Q. On May the 5th of 2010, did your husband have another medical emergency?
A. May?
Q. 5th.
A. May 5th, yes, he did.
Q. All right. And was this the result of a nosebleed that would not stop?
A. Yes.
Q. And did it result in a second operation?
A. Yes, it did.
Q. And this was actually relating to

1 surgery on his nose or his face; correct?
A. Well, it was -- my understanding is that it's -- was behind his nose, but they had to go up through his cheek and under his lip and -or up under his cheek and through the bridge -bridge of his nose.
Q. And after the operation, he came home. He was also prescribed painkillers; correct?
A. Yes, he was.
Q. And what did you observe in May?
A. He was in a lot of pain and, you know, wasn't -- wasn't thinking real clearly, was having times when he would speak, grabbing -- grasping words that he has never had problems with. He was struggling with remembering things that he never used to have problems remembering.
Q. All right. And as of the time you left for your mother's house, which I believe was on May the 27th, was he back to normal yet?
A. I wouldn't say he was back to normal, but he was definitely on his way to that. You know, he was still having some pain from -- from the surgery, but he was on his way.
Q. Was he well enough to do the chores and what needed to be done around the ranch?

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her opinion was that a vet should probably be called in. And I let my husband know, and he called a vet.
Q. All right. At any point since the arrest of your husband on June 11th and Mr. Fairfax's confession, has anyone offered you help or protection?

MS. WHELAN: Objection, Your Honor.
Relevance.
THE COURT: Sustained.
MR. McALLISTER: Thank you.
THE COURT: Redirect?
MS. WHELAN: Thank you. REDIRECT EXAMINATION
BY MS. WHELAN:
Q. Mrs. Steele, you testified that on the 12th of June, you wanted -- you talked to Special Agent Sotka, and you wanted to listen to the tapes. But you weren't in Idaho on the 12th of June, were you?
A. No, but I --
Q. And on -- and you indicated that you hired an attorney to represent you; correct?
A. Yes, I did.
Q. And are you aware that, once somebody
A. He was trying, but he would get real -real tired quickly and couldn't -- couldn't do it, you know, like he used to be able to.
Q. And isn't it true that, on June 9th of that week, he called you, concerned about one of your horses; correct?
A. I don't think it was June --
Q. I'm sorry. I chose that date; might have been my mistake. But you tell us what -what you understood.
A. I returned to Oregon around the 28th. It was sometime after that that I had received a call from my husband, and he was telling me that one of the horses was hurt. He was trying to describe it to me. He was trying to get a sense of whether a vet needed to be called in, if he -because he wasn't -- it was one of the those that he felt was sort of iffy, because we don't call a vet in all the time. There is times we can doctor them ourselves and save us the vet bill.

And, you know, without being there I couldn't tell him, so I asked him to -- I either asked him to -- I probably called. I called a
friend of mine that was a horse person and asked her to go over and see what her opinion was. And

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has an attorney, you can't have contact with them unless you go through their attorney?
A. I hadn't hired the attorney at that point.

MS. WHELAN: Objection, Your Honor.
THE COURT: Well, let's get a time frame for the question.
BY MS. WHELAN:
Q. After June 12th and upon coming back to Idaho, you notified Special Agent Sotka that you intended to hire an attorney; correct?
A. I don't remember when I had told him that.
Q. Are you aware that when someone hires an attorney or indicates they are hiring an attorney, that contact can only go through the attorney and not the person?
A. After I hired -- I am aware of that after I hire an attorney, yes.
Q. And are you aware of the time issues in arranging a meeting with your attorney?
A. Please ask that again.
Q. Are you aware of the time issues in scheduling a time for you to listen to the tapes that had to be worked through your attorney?
A. No, I'm not.
Q. Well, there has been this dialogue about how you didn't get to listen to the tapes, but it had to be arranged with an attorney, didn't it?
A. After I hired the attorney.
Q. Yes. Additionally, the other agent that had to be there, since you're a female, is a female agent. So the agent that was at that meeting was Special Agent Janecko; correct -- Gail Janecko?
A. I remember a female being at the interview I had with the FBI.
Q. Mrs. Steele --
A. I -- I might have them mixed up, but

I -- I believe the female was at the July 9th interview.
Q. On June 15th, you were trying to help your husband, weren't you?
A. On June 15th?
Q. You were trying to -- I believe you testified you were trying to hire counsel for him.
A. Despite what -- despite anything, he deserved counsel, and I was trying to help him obtain counsel. Yes.
you asked Special Agent Sotka to crawl under your car and look to reassure you that it was safe; correct?
A. I had asked him to check out my whole car. I don't remember particularly just saying the underneath, but I did want my car rechecked because I was concerned. I might -- my life has been being threatened. I was concerned, yes.
Q. And he did that?
A. Yes, he did.
Q. You've talked about this Russian bride, I think, scam. American men go to this dating website voluntarily; correct?
A. Yes.
Q. And nobody makes them go there?
A. No.
Q. Do you have any siblings, Mrs. Steele?
A. No.
Q. You're an only --
A. I had -- well, I had a half-sister that I didn't know, and she has since passed away. She was my father's daughter from another marriage.
Q. You are your mother's only child?
A. Yes, I am.
Q. And your husband had -- when you called
Q. Between June 15th and -- June 11th and June 15th, you were trying to secure counsel for your husband?
A. Yes.
Q. You were trying to secure counsel for yourself?
A. I hadn't really decided to secure counsel until around the 15th.
Q. Because, from years ago, your husband had convinced you that if this happened -- excuse me -- had convinced you that a setup could happen?
A. I -- he had -- he had spoke of those concerns, but he did not have me convinced.
Q. And you testified on -- with Mr. McAllister that, in late May, you became aware that Larry Fairfax had gone -- I think it was either gone or broken into your house. You weren't there, were you?
A. No, I wasn't.
Q. That was something your husband told you?
A. Yes.
Q. On the telephone?
A. Yes.
Q. After the incident with the pipe bomb,
and talked to your husband or your husband called you, you discussed chores that needed to be done around the place, didn't you?
A. Sometimes.
Q. You discussed what type of things you had going on out there in Oregon?
A. Yes.
Q. You said you went through all of these phone numbers prior -- during your investigation and that you looked for phone numbers of Larry Fairfax to check those out.

THE COURT: Counsel, what are we showing? This is Exhibit 2000, I believe?

MS. WHELAN: This is Defense Exhibit 2000.
THE COURT: Just a moment. And the highlighting is highlighting you've done on your copy; correct?

MS. WHELAN: On my copy, yes.
THE COURT: All right. Ladies and gentlemen, disregard the highlighting. Counsel can use that by way of emphasis, but it won't be on the original.

Go ahead, Ms. Whelan.
BY MS. WHELAN:
Q. And, actually, I've put a piece -- can
you see where I'm moving this little piece of paper, Mrs. Steele?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay. (208) 610-0698 is Larry

Fairfax's phone number; correct?
A. Yes. It's his cell phone number.
Q. And, according to these records, your husband did, in fact, call you on the 10th and speak to you at night?
A. Yes.
Q. And prior to that, he had had conversations with Larry Fairfax at about 6:00 p.m. on the 10 th , too, didn't he?
A. Yes.
Q. And that's consistent with the tape of June 10th, isn't it?

MR. McALLISTER: I'm going to object to that, the form of that question, Judge.

THE COURT: Rephrase, Counsel. BY MS. WHELAN:
Q. Were you in the courtroom when those tapes were played?
A. Yes.
Q. Did you overhear Mr. Fairfax make a phone call to your husband at approximately

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I didn't recall being asked that.
Q. When law enforcement first contacted you on June 11th at your mother's house, you spoke with Special Agent Sotka on the telephone; correct?
A. Yes, I did.
Q. He provided you with some information, and it was then that you gave up your cell phone or they took it -- it was characterized as different ways -- correct?
A. You know, he was explaining it to me. At that point, I wasn't even thinking about my cell phone. The agent that testified yesterday that was at my house had sat down, and he asked me for my cell phone, and I immediately gave to him.
Q. It wasn't until you spoke to Special Agent Sotka that you --
A. There was nothing mentioned --

THE COURT: Just a moment. Wait for the question to be finished before you start the answer.

Ms. Whelan.
BY MS. WHELAN:
Q. It wasn't until you spoke to Special Agent Sotka that you gave your cell phone to

6:00 p.m. on those tapes?
A. I believe I did. I think that was when he was driving.
Q. And this record substantiates that, doesn't it?
A. Yes.
Q. Mrs. Steele, you were not in town on May 5th when the nosebleed happened, were you?
A. I was by 6:00 that night because I came home and got there before he went into surgery.
Q. Looking at this exhibit, there are repeated calls to or from your cell phone to your husband's cell phone on the 6th of May; is that correct?

I know it's hard to see these highlights right here. Can you see that?
A. Yes.
Q. And those are calls in between the two of you; right?
A. Yes.
Q. Mrs. Steele, you never told law enforcement that you were helping your husband with an investigation into the dating website, did you?
A. I don't recall if I did mention that.

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Special Agent Heckendorn, did you?
A. I hadn't given it up yet. I -- it was
when -- I gave it up when I was asked for it.
Q. And it was after you spoke to Special Agent Sotka?
A. Yes.

MS. WHELAN: Your Honor, may I have one moment, please?

THE COURT: Yes. BY MS. WHELAN:
Q. Mrs. Steele, Mr. McAllister asked you some questions about how your husband was doing after the surgery. In January, February, March, and April, you were able to communicate with him?
A. I was able to communicate with him either phone or when I was home. I mean, I was there.
Q. You didn't have trouble understanding him?
A. No.
Q. And he was clearly able to use the computer and send emails?
A. Yes.

MS. WHELAN: Thank you. Nothing else. THE COURT: Any recross?

|  | 903 |  | 904 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | MR. McALLISTER: No, Your Honor. |  | BY MS. WHELAN: |
| 2 | THE COURT: All right. You may step down. | 2 | Q. Mr. Mitchell, I'm going to ask you to |
| 3 | Thank you. | 3 | speak either loudly or right into that microphone |
| 4 | MS. WHELAN: May this witness be excused, | 4 | for me, please. |
| 5 | Your Honor? I mean, I don't know if she's -- | 5 | A. All right. |
| 6 | THE COURT: From the government's -- yeah. | 6 | Q. Sir, what do you do for a living? |
| 7 | Certainly, I assume, still subject to perhaps | 7 | A. I'm a coin dealer. I have a coin shop |
| 8 | recall. | 8 | up in Coeur d'Alene. |
| 9 | You may step down. | 9 | Q. And how long have you had that coin |
| 10 | THE WITNESS: Thank you. | 10 | shop? |
| 11 | THE COURT: Call your next witness. | 11 | A. We have been open seven years as a |
| 12 | MS. WHELAN: Kevin Mitchell, Your Honor. | 12 | retail shop. |
| 13 | THE COURT: Mr. Mitchell, please step before | 13 | Q. What's the name of your shop? |
| 14 | the clerk, Ms. Gearhart, and be sworn, and then | 14 | A. CoiNutz. |
| 15 | follow directions from there. | 15 | Q. Where is it located? |
| 16 | KEVIN MITCHELL, | 16 | A. Sunset Avenue, Coeur d'Alene. |
| 17 | having been first duly sworn to tell the whole | 17 | Q. Sir, do you know Edgar Steele? |
| 18 | truth, testified as follows: | 18 | A. I do. |
| 19 | THE CLERK: Please state your complete name | 19 | Q. And how do you know him? |
| 20 | and spell your last name for the record. | 20 | A. He came into our store to sell some |
| 21 | THE WITNESS: Kevin Everhard (phonetic) | 21 | silver. |
| 22 | Mitchell, M-I-T-C-H-E-L-L. | 22 | Q. Do you recall what month that was? |
| 23 | THE COURT: You may inquire of the witness, | 23 | A. I think it's April of last year. |
| 24 | Ms. Whelan. | 24 | Q. I'm going to ask you -- |
| 25 | DIRECT EXAMINATION | 25 | MS. WHELAN: Your Honor, is the projector |
|  | 905 |  | 906 |
| 1 | off for the jury? | 1 | admission of Exhibit 90. |
| 2 | THE COURT: It is now. | 2 | MR. McALLISTER: No objection. |
| 3 | MS. WHELAN: Thank you, Your Honor. | 3 | THE COURT: Exhibit 90 will be admitted and |
| 4 | BY MS. WHELAN: | 4 | published to the jury. |
| 5 | Q. I'm going to ask you to look at -- I'm | 5 | (Government's Exhibit 90 admitted.) |
| 6 | going to show you the exhibit sticker first. Hang | 6 | MS. WHELAN: Your Honor, the government will |
| 7 | on. I'm going to move it. | 7 | also move for the admission of 90A -B, -C, and -D, |
| 8 | Do you see the exhibit sticker right | 8 | which I provided to Mr. McAllister. If he has no |
| 9 | there in front of you? | 9 | objection, I'll move those, as well. |
| 10 | A. Yes. | 10 | MR. McALLISTER: No objection. |
| 11 | Q. It's Government's Exhibit 90 for | 11 | THE COURT: All right. Let's just include |
| 12 | identification. | 12 | them all -- well -- |
| 13 | Now I would ask you to look at what's | 13 | MS. WHELAN: I can make them all "90." I |
| 14 | on it without telling me. But do you recognize | 14 | didn't know what the court wanted. |
| 15 | it? | 15 | THE COURT: Okay. It's hard for me to keep |
| 16 | A. Yes. | 16 | track of sublettered exhibits when there is no |
| 17 | Q. And does it fairly and accurately show | 17 | room on the exhibit list, but that's fine. |
| 18 | something that you use in your business? | 18 | Exhibits 90A, -B, -C, and -D will be |
| 19 | A. Yes. | 19 | admitted. |
| 20 | Q. Is that your signature at the bottom? | 20 | (Government's Exhibits 90A, 90B, 90C, |
| 21 | A. Yes. | 21 | and 90D admitted.) |
| 22 | Q. And does that fairly and accurately | 22 | MS. WHELAN: Thank you, Your Honor. |
|  | depict something that you gave to the defendant? | 23 | BY MS. WHELAN: |
| 24 | A. Yes. | 24 | Q. What is Exhibit 90? It's up on the |
| 25 | MS. WHELAN: I'm going to ask for the | 25 | screen now, so you can tell us |

A. A check.
Q. And who is it a check to?
A. Edgar Steele.
Q. How much was it?
A. $\$ 10,626$.
Q. And that was on April 21st, 2010?
A. Yes.
Q. Looking at what's been admitted as

Government's Exhibit 90A, is that another check?
A. Yes.
Q. Again, to Mr. Steele?
A. Yes.
Q. For how much?
A. $\$ 12,110$.
Q. And was -- what was -- what did you purchase from him?
A. We purchased silver -- silver bars, rounds.
Q. And that's the purpose of both this check and the check previous?
A. Yes.
Q. And I note in the "memo" or the "for" line, you wrote "silver." Is that what you wrote?
A. Yes.
Q. And, again, Exhibit 90B, is that

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A. No.
Q. Can you explain to the jury how that works?
A. If we have a customer that comes in with a larger amount of precious metals and they want to sell it immediately and get the funds immediately, then we roll it through our wholesaler, and they will get less money because we have to do the funds quickly.

If we can spread it out over a little bit at a time so we can retail some of it out and take time on the money, then we can pay them a
little bit more for the silver. So a lot of customers would rather wait a few weeks, make a little more money. But if somebody is closing on a piece of property or something, they need the money right away, then they tend to do it, you know, in one check or one time.

So this was broken out into a few checks so as the silver was sold, then I could let him know, "Cash that one," "Cash that one," "Cash that one," until they're all done.
Q. And did you do that?
A. Yes.

MS. WHELAN: Your Honor, could we turn the
another check?
A. It is.
Q. For how much?
A. $\$ 5,699$-- it looks like 20 cents.
Q. Exhibit 90C. Can you tell us what that is?
A. Same. Check for $\$ 9,000$.
Q. For the purchase of silver?
A. Yes.
Q. To Mr. Steele?
A. Yes.
Q. And Exhibit 90D, that is also to

Mr. Steele?
A. Yes, it is.
Q. And that was for the purchase of silver?
A. It was.
Q. And it's your handwriting, so I'm going to ask you how much it was for.
A. It is. $\$ 17,810$.
Q. I note that all of those checks are dated April 21st, 2010.
A. Yes.
Q. Were they all to be cashed at the same time?
projector off for the jury?
THE COURT: Yes.
MS. WHELAN: Ms. Rocca, could you put on
Exhibit 104 -- 102. Sorry.
BY MS. WHELAN:
Q. Do you see that?
A. Yes.
Q. What is that?
A. That's a picture of a bunch of silver.
Q. Does it have any relevance to what you're talking about?
A. It does. It's actually the silver that Mr. Steele brought to us.
Q. And where is that -- who took that picture?
A. I took that picture. It's at our shop. And it was just kind of a fluke that I took the picture, but my daughter is there in the sweater there.
Q. What did you take the picture with?
A. My cell phone.
Q. And why did you take the picture?
A. My daughter was counting out -- we just wanted to count to make sure that our count was right on the silver. As she did, it looks like

|  | 911 |  | 912 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | she was trying to design it or make it look | 1 | THE COURT: That's 102? |
| 2 | pretty. And as I walked by, I said, "Oh, that's | 2 | MS. WHELAN: Yes, Your Honor. |
| 3 | kind of cool. Let me take a picture." So I took | 3 | BY MS. WHELAN: |
| 4 | a picture. | 4 | Q. Now, Mr. Mitchell, I just have a couple |
| 5 | Q. Did you bring that cell phone down with | 5 | of questions for you. And if you touch the |
| 6 | you to Boise? | 6 | screen, it will make lines on it or arrows, |
| 7 | A. I did. | 7 | depending on how you touch it. Okay? |
| 8 | Q. Did you show this to me yesterday? | 8 | A. Okay. |
| 9 | A. I did. | 9 | Q. It's the one right in front of you. So |
| 10 | Q. And -- | 10 | I'm going to point to something and ask you what |
| 11 | A. I didn't remember it until yesterday. | 11 | it is. |
| 12 | Q. Does it fairly and accurately show the | 12 | A. Okay. |
| 13 | silver that Mr. Steele cashed in? | 13 | Q. Now, that looks different than the |
| 14 | A. I think it -- I think it does. I think | 14 | coins in the background. |
| 15 | it is all the total of what he brought us. | 15 | A. Right. |
| 16 | MS. WHELAN: Move for the admission of | 16 | Q. What is the difference there? |
| 17 | Exhibit 102. | 17 | A. The pile in the front there, those are |
| 18 | MR. McALLISTER: Object under Rule 403 and | 18 | 10-ounce silver bars. So there is ten troy ounces |
| 19 | late disclosure, as well. | 19 | in each bar, and usually we'll stack them ten |
| 20 | THE COURT: I'll overrule the objection and | 20 | high. And if you look down the front there, you |
| 21 | allow it based upon the representation that | 21 | can probably count ten. So that would make a |
| 22 | counsel just received it yesterday and didn't know | 22 | hundred ounces per pile. And there is -- two, |
| 23 | of its existence. The objection is overruled. | 23 | four, six, eight -- ten of those. So there is a |
| 24 | The exhibit will be admitted. | 24 | thousand ounces in that pile of ten-ounce bars. |
| 25 | (Government's Exhibit 102 admitted.) | 25 | Q. How does what I just made that arrow to |
|  | 913 |  | 914 |
| 1 | compare to -- I'm sorry. | 1 | BY MS. WHELAN: |
| 2 | A. Yep. | 2 | Q. Now, sir, these are copies that you got |
| 3 | Q. Let me hit undo. | 3 | from your bank; correct? |
| 4 | -- these? | 4 | A. Yes. |
| 5 | A. Those are 100-ounce bars, so they have | 5 | Q. And on this last check, the 17,810, |
| 6 | a hundred troy ounces in them. So you can see | 6 | looking at this, can you see that this check was |
| 7 | there is -- two, four -- six of those. So that's | 7 | deposited June 10th? |
| 8 | 600 ounces. | 8 | A. Yes. |
| 9 | Q. And what's underneath them? | 9 | MS. WHELAN: Your Honor, those are all the |
| 10 | A. Those smaller bars are assorted-sized | 10 | questions I have for this witness. |
| 11 | bars. They're -- they're usually hand-poured or | 11 | THE COURT: Cross? |
| 12 | machine-made, and they will be weighed out in all | 12 | MR. McALLISTER: No, Your Honor. |
| 13 | different sizes. So they're usually stamped with | 13 | THE COURT: All right. You may step down. |
| 14 | what they are. We can't see the numbers on them, | 14 | You may step down. |
| 15 | but they will be -- they will be odd numbers, like | 15 | MS. WHELAN: May Mr. Mitchell please be |
| 16 | four-and-a-half ounces or seven ounces or whatever | 16 | excused? |
| 17 | they come out to. | 17 | THE COURT: I assume so. |
| 18 | Q. Thank you. | 18 | Mr. McAllister, any objection? |
| 19 | MS. WHELAN: Ms. Rocca, could you take that | 19 | MR. McALLISTER: None. |
| 20 | down. | 20 | THE COURT: Mr. Mitchell, you're excused and |
| 21 | Judge, may I put it back to the ELMO, |  | released from any subpoena. Thank you for being |
| 22 | please? | 22 | here. |
| 23 | THE COURT: I'm sorry? | 23 | Call your next witness. |
| 24 | MS. WHELAN: The -- thank you. Ms. Gearhart | 24 | MR. HAWS: The government calls Josh Young. |
| 25 | knew what I meant. | 25 | THE COURT: Mr. Young, would you please step |

forward here before Ms. Gearhart, be sworn as a witness, and then follow her directions from there.

JOSHUA YOUNG,
having been first duly sworn to tell the whole truth, testified as follows:

THE CLERK: Please state your complete name and spell your last name for the record.

THE WITNESS: Joshua Young, Y-O-U-N-G.
THE COURT: You may inquire of the witness, Mr. Haws.

MR. HAWS: Thank you, Your Honor. DIRECT EXAMINATION
BY MR. HAWS:
Q. Mr. Young, where do you live?
A. Post Falls, Idaho.
Q. And where do you work?
A. I work for Walmart.
Q. Where did you work in the summer of 2010?
A. Fastlane.
Q. Fastlane?
A. Yes.
Q. And what kind of business is Fastlane?
A. It's a Quick Lube.

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Q. Do you happen to recall June the 15th of 2010?
A. Yes, I do.
Q. Were you working that day?
A. Yes, I was.
Q. Is there anything that makes you remember that you were working that day?
A. Yes, there was.
Q. What was that?
A. A piece of galvanized pipe underneath the lady's car.
Q. Okay. Let's start at the beginning. What -- about what time did this happen?
A. Noonish, I'm guessing. I don't remember the exact time.
Q. Do you recall what kind of a car it was?
A. It was a Mitsubishi SUV.
Q. Color?
A. Black.
Q. And what was the service on that car?

Was that just standard oil change, lube job?
A. As far as I know. She come in for an oil change, and, you know, we were in the process of changing the oil in it.
Q. And does it have another name that goes with it, Quaker State Quick Lube?
A. Well, Quaker State -- it was like a

Quick -- it was a Q-Lube. You know, they sell
Quaker State oil. The actual name of the company is "Fastlane."
Q. Is it proper to call it "Quick Lube" or "fast lube"? Is one more proper than the other? Are they interchangeable?
A. Well, the actual name of the company is "Fastlane."
Q. Fastlane. And where is that located? Where is Fastlane located in Coeur d'Alene, Idaho?
A. On 95 and Bosanko.
Q. Bosanko Avenue?
A. Yes.
Q. It's an intersection with Highway 95?
A. Yes.
Q. And what was your responsibility when you worked there? What kind of job did you do?
A. I was a lube tech.
Q. What does a lube tech do?
A. Basically, I changed oil. You know, I checked the underhoods. I checked all the gear boxes. I serviced the car.
Q. Did you work on that car?
A. Yes, I did.
Q. What's the first thing you did,

Mr. Young?
A. I checked the underhood. I checked the fluids under the hood while the other gentleman was putting her information into the computer.
Q. Did you change the air filter?
A. We did not have the air filter in stock. We ordered one for it, and it was on its way when all of this stuff happened.
Q. Okay. Before we go on, let me show you what's been admitted as Exhibit 28.

Ms. Rocca, if you would put that up for us.

Do you know -- do you know what
Exhibit 28, this photograph, shows, Mr. Young?
A. That's the Mitsubishi SUV.
Q. And is that at the Quaker State or the Fastlane, whatever the name of this business is?
A. Yes, it is.
Q. That's how you remember it on that date?
A. Yes.
Q. Ms. Rocca, would you please put up
what's been admitted as Exhibit 29.
Showing you Exhibit 29, another photograph.
A. That's the same vehicle.
Q. Same place?
A. Yes.
Q. Bosanko Avenue and Highway 95?
A. Yes.
Q. Is that Bosanko Avenue that's visible right there in the background, that street behind the car?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay. That's how the vehicle appeared on that day?
A. Yes.
Q. Let me show you -- take that down, please, and put up Exhibit 30.

THE COURT: Counsel, I published this to the jury. These are all admitted exhibits. If you're going to move into any that are not, please let me know.

MR. HAWS: I'll do that, Your Honor. BY MR. HAWS:
Q. Admitted Exhibit No. 30, what is that, Mr. Young?

After you looked under the hood and checked on the air filter, then you went down underneath the car?
A. Yes.
Q. Down in the pit?
A. Down to the pit, yes.
Q. So you were in the pit, and you looked to talk to somebody up above?
A. Yes.
Q. And you noticed the galvanized pipe?
A. Yes.
Q. Where was that galvanized pipe located or placed on that vehicle?
A. On the -- on the frame rail between the -- like the passenger door and the driver's front door, kind of in the middle.
Q. The passenger door, you mean the back door or the front -- between the back door and the front door?
A. Yes.
Q. On the left side?
A. Yes, on the driver's side.
Q. Where the post is that separates the two compartments?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay. Describe approximately what this
A. That's the same black SUV in the parking lot.
Q. Parking lot of the Quaker State?
A. Yes.
Q. And that's Bosanko Avenue running in front of it?
A. Yes.
Q. I see some yellow tape there. Do you know what that represents?
A. That's the caution tape that the police put up.
Q. Was this, then, after the vehicle had been removed from the bay?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay. Let's go back to when you were working on the vehicle inside.

You can take that down, please, Ms. Rocca.

When you were working on the vehicle inside, after you checked the oil [sic] filter, what did you do -- what did you do next?
A. I turned to my left to talk to the gentleman upstairs and noticed, you know, a piece of galvanized pipe.
Q. Okay. Excuse me. Let me stop you.
looked like. What kind of a galvanized pipe was it?
A. A piece of galvanized pipe with, like, two caps on it, you know, screwed on, and a green -- what looked to be like a firecracker fuse.
Q. A pyrotechnic fuse or a hobby fuse?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay. Did that -- what did you do then? Did that surprise you?
A. Yes, it did.
Q. And so what did you do?
A. I got the other gentleman to come down and take a look, and then we discussed that we should get, you know, the lady and have her come down and observe what we saw.
Q. Did you know who that lady was? Had she been a customer before?
A. Never seen her before.
Q. Did she go down into the pit underneath the car with you?
A. Yes, she did.
Q. Did you show her the -- this galvanized pipe?
A. Yes, I did.
Q. And did she make a request of you at
that time?
A. Just to leave it alone.
Q. Okay. Did you -- did you, at that time, shoot a picture with your cell phone?
A. Yes, I did.
Q. I'd like to show you what's been admitted as Exhibit 27. What is Exhibit 27?
A. That is the piece of galvanized pipe that was underneath the car.
Q. And that's the cell phone photograph that you took of that --
A. Yes, it is.
Q. -- that device?
A. Yes.
Q. And does that photograph show the frame that it is attached to, the frame of the car?
A. Yes, it does.
Q. Could you touch that on the screen?
A. Right there.

THE COURT: Circle it with your finger.
THE WITNESS: (Witness complied.)
BY MR. HAWS:
Q. Could you see how it was attached to the car?
A. It looked like they had attached it 925
Q. Was that a Kootenai County detective?
A. Yes, it was.
Q. Do you know his name?
A. I know his first name. I don't
remember his last name.
Q. What do you remember his first name to be?
A. Mario.
Q. How did you know him, or how do you know him?
A. We went to school together years ago.
Q. And so you showed him the picture from your cell phone?
A. Yeah. They asked if I could email it to them, and I told them that I could not. I could, you know, send it as a text message. So he asked if I could send it to his phone, and he would email it to his computer.
Q. And so that's what you did?
A. Yes.
Q. At some point when the vehicle was underneath the -- or while the vehicle was still in the pit and you were underneath it, at some point, did you take the fuse wires and tie them up to the emergency brake cable?
with a magnet. They wrapped the -- wrapped it with some electrical tape.
Q. Was there also wire on there?
A. Yes.
Q. After you discovered -- strike that. After you took this picture with your cell phone, what's the next thing that you or the people at the Quick Lube did?
A. I believe we pushed it out of the shop.
Q. Out into the parking lot?
A. Yes.
Q. Where it's shown in the previous pictures I showed to you?
A. Yes.
Q. Did anybody call the police?
A. Someone did. I'm not exactly sure who was actually the initial person to call.
Q. Did law enforcement arrive?
A. Yes, they did.
Q. Did fire trucks arrive?
A. Yes.
Q. Did you send this photograph to anybody in law enforcement?
A. Yes. I sent it to one of the detectives that happened to show up on the scene. 926
A. Yes, I did.

MR. HAWS: Okay. No further questions.
THE COURT: Cross?
MR. McALLISTER: None, Your Honor.
THE COURT: All right. You may step down.
I assume the witness can be excused?
MR. HAWS: Ask that he be excused,
Your Honor.
THE COURT: Any objection?
MR. McALLISTER: No objection.
THE COURT: All right. Thank you,
Mr. Young, for being here. You are excused and released from any subpoena.

The government may call its next witness.

MR. HAWS: Call Mark Fox.
THE COURT: Sir, would you please step before the clerk and be sworn, and then follow Ms. Gearhart's directions from there.

MARK CHRISTOPHER FOX, having been first duly sworn to tell the whole truth, testified as follows:

THE CLERK: Please state your complete name and spell your last name for the record.

THE WITNESS: Mark Christopher Fox, F-O-X.

|  | 927 |  | 928 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | THE COURT: You may inquire, Mr. Haws. | 1 | Q. -- 17 years? |
| 2 | MR. HAWS: Thank you, Your Honor. | 2 | And as a supervisor of patrol officers, |
| 3 | DIRECT EXAMINATION | 3 | do you operate in a marked car? |
| 4 | BY MR. HAWS: | 4 | A. I drive an unmarked usually. |
| 5 | Q. Mr. Fox, where do you live? | 5 | Q. Okay. Do you have other duties besides |
| 6 | A. At Liberty Lake, Washington. | 6 | that of a patrol supervisor? |
| 7 | Q. And where do you work? | 7 | A. Yes. |
| 8 | A. East Spokane County Sheriff's Office. | 8 | Q. What are your other assigned duties? |
| 9 | Q. So you're a law enforcement officer? | 9 | A. I'm also on the bomb squad. |
| 10 | A. Correct. | 10 | Q. The bomb squad. How long have you been |
| 11 | Q. What is your title? | 11 | on the bomb squad? |
| 12 | A. Deputy sheriff. I'm a detective | 12 | A. Since 2001. |
| 13 | corporal. | 13 | Q. What are your duties in connection with |
| 14 | Q. All right. Does that make you a | 14 | the bomb squad? |
| 15 | supervisor? | 15 | A. I'm a bomb technician. |
| 16 | A. Yes. | 16 | Q. What does a bomb technician do? |
| 17 | Q. And so you supervise other detectives | 17 | A. I render bombs and other devices safe. |
| 18 | at the Spokane County Sheriff's Office? | 18 | I burn up old dynamite, old explosives. I pick up |
| 19 | A. I supervise patrol officers. | 19 | commercial explosives, countercharge them. Our |
| 20 | Q. Or patrol officers. I'm sorry. | 20 | primary responsibility is, like, if there is an |
| 21 | And how long have you worked at Spokane | 21 | IED, improvised explosive device, we render those |
| 22 | County Sheriff's Office? | 22 | safe. |
| 23 | A. Since '94. | 23 | Q. "Improvised explosive device," is that |
| 24 | Q. So a total of -- | 24 | another term for a pipe bomb? |
| 25 | A. Seventeen years. | 25 | A. It could be, yes. |
|  | 929 |  | 930 |
| 1 | Q. And in your work as a deputy sheriff | 1 | day that relates to this case? |
| 2 | and on the bomb squad, have you had to deal with | 2 | A. Yes, I was. |
| 3 | pipe bombs? | 3 | Q. And approximately what time did you get |
| 4 | A. Several. | 4 | involved in that? |
| 5 | Q. Is it a common form of event that you | 5 | A. About, I would say, 12:45-ish to 1:00. |
| 6 | deal with on the bomb squad? | 6 | Q. So late lunch hour? |
| 7 | A. Yes. | 7 | A. Correct. |
| 8 | Q. Approximately how many instances of | 8 | Q. And where were you at that time? |
| 9 | explosives does the bomb squad in Spokane County | 9 | A. I don't know where I was. |
| 10 | deal with on an average year? | 10 | Q. But you were out in the field -- |
| 11 | A. Anywhere from 80 to 130. I believe | 11 | A. Working at the time or I was at home. |
| 12 | last year we had 87 calls. | 12 | Q. Where did you go when you received the |
| 13 | Q. Okay. Who is the supervisor of the | 13 | call? |
| 14 | bomb squad? | 14 | A. I went to the hangar, which is where we |
| 15 | A. We have several. It's a joint unit | 15 | store our bomb trucks. |
| 16 | between the city and county. On the county side, | 16 | Q. So you got ready to go out and respond |
| 17 | we have a lieutenant, sergeant, and a corporal; | 17 | on this call? |
| 18 | and then we have another technician, as well. | 18 | A. Correct. |
| 19 | Q. Do you recognize the name Mike | 19 | Q. Where was this call? Do you know? |
| 20 | Kittilstved? | 20 | A. Bosanko Avenue and Highway 95, |
| 21 | A. Yes. | 21 | Coeur d'Alene. |
| 22 | Q. And let me take you back to June 15th | 22 | Q. In Idaho? |
| 23 | of 2010. Do you remember that day? | 23 | A. Correct. |
| 24 | A. Yes. | 24 | Q. Kootenai County? |
| 25 | Q. Were you involved in something on that | 25 | A. Correct. |

Q. Is that part of your area? Is there a mutual assistance or something that -- between Spokane County and Kootenai County?
A. Yes. We cover from Canada to Kamiah over to Ellensburg and pretty much over to Montana.
Q. Okay. Who were the members of the bomb squad that responded on June 15th of 2010?
A. Sergeant Mike Kittilstved, myself, and

George Yingst.
Q. And Kittilstved was the --
A. He was the sergeant.
Q. -- sergeant commander?
A. Correct.
Q. Okay. Did you, in fact, arrive at

Bosanko and Highway 95?
A. Yes.
Q. And when you arrived there, did you observe a vehicle?
A. Yes.
Q. Ms. Rocca, if you would put up Exhibit No. 29 for me. It's been admitted.

Showing you Exhibit No. 29 in this
proceeding. Do you recognize what's shown in that picture?
remotely if we can.
Q. All right. And when you -- who was operating the robot?
A. Sergeant Kittilstved.
Q. And did the -- did the robot approach the car?
A. Yes, it did.
Q. Which side?
A. The driver's side.
Q. And was the robot successful in removing the device?
A. No, it was not.
Q. What happened next, then?
A. I went down there and attached a rope, a thing we call in our trade as "an endless loop." Basically, it's wrapping a rope around the device, and then I strung the rope out from under the car, attached it to a carabiner and attached it to the robot in an attempt to pull the device out from under the car.
Q. All right. Let's back up a little bit.

Did you have any protective clothing on when you did this?
A. Yes. I had an SRS5 bomb search suit on.
A. Yes.
Q. And how do you recognize it?
A. That was the vehicle that was described as having the pipe bomb under the driver's side door.
Q. And is that the vehicle, then, that you -- that you provided service on that day?
A. Correct.
Q. Okay. When you arrived at that location -- and we're going to call
Mr. Kittilstved here in a moment, so we'll go into some of the other details.

I would like to get with you to the subject of an attempt that was made with a robot. Do you remember that?
A. Yes.
Q. Does the bomb squad have some kind of a robot to try to deal with these bomb situations?
A. Yes, we do.
Q. And why do you use a robot?
A. Because it increases our safety.
Q. So you use a mechanized device to try to do things so that human beings are not exposed to the dangers?
A. Right. We try to do everything

934
Q. Does that cover your hands?
A. No.
Q. Why?
A. Because it's hard to cover your hands when you need them to manipulate things, if you, in fact, have to do that.
Q. Covered the rest of your body?
A. Yes.
Q. Did you have a helmet or any kind of a head protection on?
A. Yes. I had the helmet that goes with the suit.
Q. When you approached the vehicle, how did you approach it? How were you able to get to it?
A. I walked down there.
Q. Did you get down on the ground?
A. Yes.
Q. And did you look underneath the vehicle?
A. The first time when I knew the position where the bomb was under the driver's passenger door, I pretty much looked under there until I could see the pipe, and then I reached up there without exposing myself totally under the car and
wrapped the loop around the pipe.
Q. Approximately where was the pipe located on that vehicle, the pipe bomb? Is that -- was it a pipe bomb?
A. Yes.
Q. You could see that it was a pipe bomb?
A. Yes.
Q. Where was it located?
A. Pretty much right underneath like where the handle is on the driver's door.
Q. Would you use your finger and draw a circle on that area on the screen there.
A. (Witness complied.)
Q. So approximately where that line is between the front door and the back door?
A. Yes, up there along the frame.
Q. Okay. So you reached under there solely for the purpose of attaching the "endless loop," you called it?
A. Correct.
Q. What is the endless loop made of?
A. This one in particular was made of rope, a small-diameter rope.
Q. And the objective is to put the endless loop on -- and I think you described it earlier -937
them that I needed a metal one. We also have some that are like wire ropes that are a lot stronger than our regular rope endless loops. It's basically a piece of braided cable.
Q. And were you able to obtain a piece of braided cable or --
A. Yes.
Q. -- wire rope?
A. Yes.
Q. And what was the thickness of that?
A. It was also about quarter of an inch.
Q. And were you able to attach the wire rope to the pipe bomb?
A. Yes, I was.
Q. Did you have occasion to look further underneath the car or look -- take an additional look underneath the car before you began to try to pull it off with the iron rope?
A. Yes, I did. The wire rope was a little stiffer and hard to get on the pipe than the regular rope had been. So I had to climb under there a little farther so I could get the rope attached to it.
Q. What was impeding you from being able to put the wire rope on?
for what purpose?
A. So I could attach it to the robot, leave the area, and then have the robot remove the device from the car.
Q. And did the robot pull on the endless loop?
A. Yes, it did.
Q. And was the robot, using the endless loop, able to remove the pipe bomb?
A. No, it was not.
Q. What happened?
A. The rope broke, and the device didn't move.
Q. Can you describe the gauge of the rope, the thickness of the rope that you were using for that endless loop?
A. Maybe a quarter to a half of an inch. I would say it's probably a quarter of an inch.
Q. When the -- when the rope endless loop failed, what was the next option for the bomb squad?
A. I got ahold of the guys. I was down there where the car was. They were in the truck. And we can communicate through our robot. It has a wireless transmitter and receiver on it. I told 938
A. The stiffness of the rope, and then when I got under there, I observed that there was also like baling wire underneath that they had used to secure the pipe and the magnet to the car.
Q. Behind you, on the floor behind you or your chair, there are -- there is a box full of exhibits. I'll ask you, if you would, please, to turn around and you see if you can find Exhibit No. 84. And keep it down because it has not been admitted yet to the jury.

I may have misled you there. Let's go to 84 .

Your Honor, if we can blank the screen for the jury. I want to show a picture of it. Ms. Rocca, if you'll put up Exhibit 84, please.

All right. I was right the first time.
Would you look at 84 , please, outside of the view of the jury, and see if you can locate it.
A. Does the exhibit have the marking on it as far as what it is?
Q. Yes. It should have Exhibit No. 84
sticker on there.
A. Could you possibly check your exhibit
number again? I'm not seeing it.
THE COURT: Mr. Severson, maybe you can help --

MR. HAWS: It is 84 . It's -- it may be in one of the other packaging containers there.

MS. WHELAN: Your Honor?
THE COURT: I'm sorry? Ms. Whelan?
MS. WHELAN: I think we usually take a break somewhere around here.

THE COURT: Yeah. We're about five minutes early. This might save time. We'll just take a recess at this point, and that will allow the witness -- if you could perhaps work with the witness and get lined up whatever exhibits you need to have him look at.

MR. HAWS: We'll do that, Your Honor.
THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen, we'll again take a 15-, 20-minute recess. I'll again admonish you not to discuss the case among yourselves or with anyone else, nor should you form or express any opinions about the case until it is submitted to you.

Also, the court would remind you of your obligation to follow the court's extended admonition concerning juror conduct as we

941
is?
A. It's baling wire.
Q. And have you seen that baling wire before?
A. Yes.
Q. Where have you seen it?
A. It was used to attach the pipe and the magnet under the car.

MR. HAWS: Your Honor, at this time I would move the admission of Exhibit No. 84.

MR. McALLISTER: No objection.
THE COURT: Exhibit 84 will be admitted. It may be shown to the jury.
(Government's Exhibit 84 admitted.)
MR. HAWS: Thank you, Your Honor. BY MR. HAWS:
Q. Detective Fox, having been admitted, I would ask you now to examine Exhibit 84 and show it to the jury.
A. (Witness complied.)
Q. Those are the pieces of wire that you're referring to in your testimony?
A. Correct.
Q. That were holding the pipe bomb onto the car?
discussed on the first day of trial.
We'll be in recess.
(Recess.)
(Jury present.)
THE COURT: For the record, I'll note that all jurors are present.

Is it Detective Fox or --
THE WITNESS: Detective Corporal.
THE COURT: I'm going to go with detective.
THE WITNESS: Whatever you would like to call me is fine.

THE COURT: Detective Fox, I'll remind you you are still under oath.

Mr. Haws, you may resume your direct examination of the witness.

MR. HAWS: Thank you, Your Honor.
BY MR. HAWS:
Q. Just before the break, Detective Fox, we were looking for Exhibit No. 84. Did you locate that?
A. Yes, I did.
Q. And have you had a chance to examine Exhibit 84?
A. Yes, I have.
Q. Can you describe for the record what it 942
A. Correct.
Q. Was the robot able to -- well, let's
back up.
When you reached underneath the car, did you undo those pieces of wire, Exhibit 84?
A. Yes, I did.
Q. With your hand?
A. Correct.
Q. And once you were -- were you able to just undo them without a tool?
A. Yes.
Q. Once you undid the wires, then what happened?
A. The pipe bomb started coming off of the frame rail of the car.
Q. Was there anything else attaching it to the car at that time besides the wires?
A. No. There was a magnet on the pipe.
Q. Did it come off with the magnet?
A. Yes, it did.
Q. And were you able to -- able to handle that device?
A. Yes, I was.
Q. What did you do with it?
A. I sat it down on the ground as
carefully as I could, and then I took the rope that was tied around it and attached it to our robot.
Q. Can you comment on the weight of that pipe when you took it down off the frame of the car?
A. It was heavy.
Q. Heavier than an empty pipe would be?
A. Yes.
Q. When you -- did you then attach the wire rope to that device?
A. I believe I attached it before.
Q. Before. So did the robot help remove the device off the car?
A. No. I did that by hand.
Q. But you dropped it down to the ground?
A. Correct.
Q. But you didn't take it away from the car; is that correct?
A. Correct.
Q. Did -- was the robot used to approach the car and the pipe bomb then, after it was down on the ground?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay. Who was operating the robot

945
Q. Was it securing the fuse inside of the -- inside of the end cap of the bomb?
A. From -- I couldn't see the inside, obviously. But, from the outside, yes, it looked like it was being used to secure the fuse onto the pipe.
Q. Was the black tape wrapped around the end cap?
A. Yes.
Q. Did you participate in the next part of this -- of this operation, when the pipe was actually removed and rendered safe?
A. I participated in closing up our containment vessel that it was put in.
Q. At some point, the pipe bomb, then, was removed using the robot?
A. Correct.
Q. And then how was the pipe bomb placed into a containment vessel?
A. With the robot.
Q. And then what did you do?
A. Then, once the robot placed it in there, it backed away, and I went up and secured the containment vessel for transport.
Q. Were you part of the transport?
again?
A. Sergeant Mike Kittilstved.
Q. Kittilstved. When you set it down on the ground underneath the car, was -- was there any kind of fusing attached to that pipe bomb?
A. Yes, there was.
Q. What kind of fuse was it?
A. A pyrotechnic fuse.
Q. Color?
A. Green.
Q. Did you do anything with that fuse?
A. No, I did not.
Q. You simply sat the bomb down on the ground?
A. Yes.
Q. Were you able to observe where the pyrotechnic fuse was attached to the pipe bomb?
A. Like towards the end cap that would be to the rear of the vehicle.
Q. Did you see any other material on the pipe bomb besides the magnet and the pyrotechnic fuse?
A. Black tape.
Q. And where was the black tape?
A. Like where the fuse went into the pipe. 946
A. Yes.

MR. HAWS: Okay. I have no further questions for Detective Fox.

THE COURT: Cross-examination?
MR. McALLISTER: None, Your Honor.
THE COURT: You may step down, Detective Fox. Thank you.

I assume the witness can be excused and released from any subpoena?

MR. HAWS: Ask that he be excused, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you, sir. Call your next witness.
MR. HAWS: Thank you. Sergeant Mike Kittilstved.

THE COURT: Sir, would you please step before the clerk and be sworn.

MICHAEL KITTILSTVED, having been first duly sworn to tell the whole truth, testified as follows:

THE CLERK: Please state your complete name and spell your last name for the record.

THE WITNESS: My name is Michael Kittilstved K-I-T-T-I-L-S-T-V, as in Victor, -E-D.

THE COURT: You may inquire of the witness.

MR. HAWS: Thank you, Your Honor. DIRECT EXAMINATION
BY MR. HAWS:
Q. Sergeant Kittilstved, where do you work?
A. For the Spokane County Sheriff's Office.
Q. You're a sergeant there?
A. I am.
Q. How long have you been a sergeant at Spokane County Sheriff's Office?
A. I've been a sergeant since September of 2003, and I was employed in 1995.
Q. At the Spokane County Sheriff's Office?
A. Yes.
Q. So a total of 15 years of experience in law enforcement?
A. Yes.
Q. And your title is sergeant. What are your duties?
A. My full-time duties is I'm a sergeant in the investigative division for the sheriff's office, also known as the detective division.
Q. Do you have any specific
responsibilities with regard to any task forces?
geographic area basically from Okanogan County, which, in eastern Washington is the -- borders British Columbia and is about halfway through the state of Washington, all the way to the Montana western border. And we cover down to Oregon. So we handle pretty much all of eastern Washington and all of north Idaho.
Q. Does that include Kootenai County, then, in north Idaho?
A. Yes.

And part of the responsibilities of our team is handling old, deteriorated commercial explosives and disposing of those properly; handling homemade explosives; firework disposals; as well as rendering safe IEDs, also bombs.
Q. By "IED," you mean?
A. An IED is a common term we use for "improvised explosive device." Most people would commonly refer to it as a "bomb," but I think in recent times, people refer to them as "IEDs" more often.
Q. So would a pipe bomb be an IED?
A. Yes, sir.
Q. Approximately how many incidents do you -- are you involved in during the year as part
A. I do.
Q. Would you explain that?
A. I supervise our Safe Streets gang enforcement unit, also our gang task force. It's a multiagency task force that operates for eastern Washington dealing primarily with gangs and gang enterprises.
Q. Do you have any other responsibilities besides investigative duties and directing the Safe Streets task force?
A. I do.
Q. What are those duties?
A. I'm also a supervisor of the Spokane bomb squad.
Q. How long have you been the supervisor for the Spokane bomb squad?
A. I've been supervisor for the bomb squad since 2008, but I was a technician on the team from 2001 to 2003, when I was promoted to sergeant.
Q. So how many years is that in experience with the bomb squad, then?
A. About -- over six.
Q. What does the bomb squad do?
A. Our primary responsibility covers a 950
of the bomb squad?
A. Personally, I respond to anywhere from

25 to 40 incidents per year. Generally,
supervisors go on every call. There is several
supervisors on our team. There's two sergeants and two lieutenants. But the team responds, on average -- in the modern era, in the last ten years, an average of 80 to 120,130 calls a year.
Q. You indicated, then, that you handle -dispose of explosives if somebody finds explosives on their property?
A. Yes, sir.
Q. Old dynamite, things like that?
A. Yes, sir.
Q. Do you also, then, have contact with IEDs people call in about?
A. Yes, I do.
Q. And so how many times have you been involved in incidents involving pipe bombs, per se? Can you estimate that for us?
A. Exact number would be difficult, but I can tell you that pipe bombs are -- of all the IEDs we deal with, pipe bombs are the most common and the most numerous device we deal with.
Q. Is there a great variety to what a pipe
bomb consists of and how it's made?
A. They are pretty -- pretty consistent. You have what they call a "pipe nipple." It's a straight length of pipe with two end caps. Sometimes they use PVC or plastic pipe, or they can use galvanized or any type of metal pipe.
Q. You see both?
A. Yeah. We have seen all types. There is also a black -- black piping, you know, like sewer pipe. You can use that. Pretty much anything where you have end caps and a middle section.
Q. So is that why they're called "improvised explosive devices"?
A. Right. There is no legitimate, legal use for a pipe bomb, that I know of.
Q. What kind of training have you had with regard to explosives and pipe bombs?
A. The main course that we attend is a course sponsored by the Department of Justice at Redstone Arsenal in Huntsville, Alabama. That's where you obtain your Hazardous Devices Technician certification.
In addition to that -- that's just --
that's like the equivalent of kind of the police
953
Q. Do you recall an incident that occurred on June the 15 th of 2010 ?
A. I am [sic].
Q. And how did you receive notification about that incident?
A. I received a phone call from ATF Agent Todd Smith. He knows that I'm on the bomb squad and a supervisor and would be a first call for a response. Call the supervisor, obviously, first.
Q. And where was that incident reported from?
A. The incident was occurring at Highway 95 and Bosanko in Coeur d'Alene.
Q. Are you familiar with that area of Coeur d'Alene, Idaho?
A. I've been through there, yes.
Q. And have you been to Highway 95?
A. Yes.
Q. Would you describe Highway 95 for the jury, what kind of thoroughfare it is?
A. It's a multilane main arterial, very busy road. It's not like a back highway or anything. There is multiple businesses that line it and a very populated urban area, I guess.
Q. And Bosanko Avenue, what kind of a
academy for bomb techs. That's just the beginning of quite a bit of extensive training we receive both in-house that we train twice a month. Actually, our unit trains three times a month. Most teams twice, three times a month, as well as other extended multiweek trainings throughout the U.S.
Q. You mentioned that basic training that was put on by the Department of Justice. Which agency within the Department of Justice puts that on?
A. The FBI is the primary agency.
Q. Have you had training with the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms, ATF?
A. Yes.
Q. How many hours total in training does the basic course cover?
A. When I went, it was five weeks long, sir.
Q. And how many hours of training -- well, if you can estimate, do you have any estimate as to how many hours of training you have spent on bomb squad issues?
A. Conservatively, I have well over 2,000 hours of training.

## street is that?

A. Bosanko is more of a side street intersecting in with the main highway.
Q. Located on the corner at the
intersection of Bosanko and Highway 95, was there a business that you responded to on the 15th of June of 2010?
A. Yes.
Q. Which corner was that located on?
A. The southwest corner.
Q. What's located there? What kind of business was it?
A. It's a Quick Lube, Quaker State oil change, fast-lube kind of place.
Q. When you arrived -- well, let's back up.

When you received the notification, were you placed in charge of the -- were you the supervisor designated for this incident?
A. I was.
Q. And what did you do in order to mobilize?
A. Well, the first thing I did was find out which bomb techs I had working on duty that were available to immediately respond. I
contacted Corporal Fox, Detective Fox, as well as Deputy Yingst. They were both on duty. And I had them respond to our -- the locations where we keep our vehicles, our response vehicles.

I also made some phone calls to my
superiors to let them know about the call we were going on, since we were going to be leaving the county.
Q. Is there a place where you rendezvous on a call to get ready?
A. Yes. We keep our vehicles in several different locations. And I responded with Corporal Fox to one of those locations, and we rode together over in a vehicle.
Q. What equipment did you get ready to respond to this -- to this call?
A. We -- we brought two vehicles. The first one is -- we call it an "EVI." It's a
Freightliner, kind of like a big moving van, so to speak. It looks like that. However, the inside carries all our specialized equipment as well as the robot.

The other vehicle we brought was a Ford Excursion, just a standard Ford Excursion. We have a slide-out container inside that contains 957
the area or any vehicles that might try to pull into the business for an oil change, not knowing what was going on.
Q. Law enforcement from -- which agencies responded from law enforcement?
A. The ones I know for sure that were there was -- I believe Idaho State Patrol was dealing with traffic control because it was state highway. Kootenai County Sheriff's Office, Coeur d'Alene P.D., as well as Coeur d'Alene Fire Department.
Q. Were federal officials there?
A. Possibly. I know that Agent -- or Special -- or Task Force Officer Mark Todd was there, and he works with the North Idaho Violent Crimes Task Force, which is -- he is a credentialed federal officer; however, he works for the Coeur d'Alene Police Department.
Q. Did you observe a vehicle at that location?
A. I did.
Q. And was that the suspect vehicle or the vehicle that had the pipe bomb on it?
A. Yes.
Q. Describe that for the jury.
our bomb suits and other standard equipment.
That vehicle also brought out a trailer that contained -- it's called the "total containment vessel." A lot of people have seen it. It kind of looks like a diving bell, so to speak. And it's a very thick-walled, steel, round orb that we can use to safely transport a certain amount of explosives in safely.
Q. What does "EVI" stand for, then?
A. I'm not sure what the "EVI" stands for. I think that's the company that manufactures it.
Q. I see. What does "TCV" stand for?
A. "Total containment vessel."
Q. So the three of you were operating two vehicles. Responded to Bosanko Avenue?
A. Yes.
Q. Approximately what time?
A. Around 1:00.
Q. What did you find when you arrived there?
A. When we pulled up in the area, the first thing we saw were, you know, numerous fire apparatus, fire vehicles, police vehicles in the area. Crime scene tape was up surrounding the business, presumably to keep pedestrians out of 958
A. It was a dark Mitsubishi Endeavor. I believe it was a 2004. It was a -- you know, a smaller SUV.
Q. Where was it located?
A. It was parked on the north side of the business in the parking lot out in the open -- not like in a parking space or anything -- facing westbound.

MR. HAWS: Ms. Rocca, if I could get you to put up Exhibit No. 28, which has been admitted into evidence.

Your Honor, if we could show that.
THE COURT: Yes.
BY MR. HAWS:
Q. Showing you what's been marked for identification as Exhibit 28. Do you recognize what's depicted in that photograph?
A. I do.
Q. What does it show?
A. The 2004 Mitsubishi Endeavor.
Q. And where does it show it?
A. It's in the parking lot facing west on the north side of the business.
Q. And is there some kind of yellow tape across the front of that -- those premises?
A. Yes.
Q. Was that in place when you arrived?
A. I believe so, yes.
Q. Let's take that down and put up Exhibit No. 29, please, also admitted.

Showing you what's been admitted here as evidence Exhibit No. 29. Does that show the same vehicle?
A. Yes.
Q. Looking from the other side of it?
A. Yes.
Q. So looking at the driver's door. And was that the area that you were told that the pipe bomb was located?
A. Yes. They told me it was directly underneath the driver's seat on the undercarriage.
Q. And then let's take that down. And admitted photograph -- admitted Exhibit No. 30, another photograph.

Look at Exhibit 30. Does that show the location, as well?
A. Yes.
Q. And does it show the same yellow tape?
A. Yes.
Q. The yellow tape appears to be on the

961
the size of the device?
A. While I was en route, I received an email to my phone or a text message from Sergeant Tull, who I had -- after I had talked to Agent Todd Smith, who had told me about the incident and wanted me to respond, I received a phone call from Sergeant Tull, who was the incident commander on scene with Coeur d'Alene P.D.

And I asked him if they had any pictures of it. Quite often, they might. And he did, and he sent me a photograph that was taken by the mechanic while he was underneath the vehicle when he started to change the oil and discovered the item.
Q. Well, this would be a good time to show you what's been admitted as Exhibit No. 27.

If you'll put that up, Ms. Rocca.
What is Exhibit 27?
A. That is the picture that was taken by the mechanic while the item was underneath the vehicle.
Q. As a -- as a trained bomb squad commander, when you arrive at a location like that with a car like that and see that type of a device on a cell phone picture, what do you see in that
far side of the street closest to the business, the Quaker State lube business. Do you see that?
A. Yes.
Q. Was traffic going through that location on Highway -- on Bosanko Avenue when you arrived?
A. No. They -- I believe they had a patrol car stopping traffic from 95 onto Bosanko, so they couldn't turn off. But they obviously pulled and let us pull down in the area.
Q. Was traffic still circulating southbound on Highway 95 when you arrived?
A. Yes.
Q. And did you have any kind of conversation with law enforcement officers, the law enforcement incident commander?
A. Yes. That was Sergeant Tull from the Coeur d'Alene Police Department. And we discussed the situation and the size of the device. And it was my recommendation that traffic be stopped on Highway 95 when we began our operation for safety reasons for those people driving on 95.
Q. Was Highway 95 stopped, the southbound flow?
A. Yes.
Q. Now, how did you know anything about 962
picture that governs your reaction and decisions you make as the commander there?
A. It has every indication to me to be an actual device. It looks like it's securely fastened to the car. It didn't just happen upon it. It -- a metal pipe is obviously, for us, between -- of all the types of ways you could make a pipe bomb, galvanized pipe is more dangerous due to the fragmentation of it. It's hard metal compared to plastic.

You can clearly see two fuses.
Q. Would you please put a circle around where those fuses are.
A. (Witness complied.)
Q. And in relationship to the pipe bomb, where are they?
A. It appears they're going into an end cap, which is very common -- a common location for a person who builds these to insert the fuse because they drill through the end cap. It's easier to drill through the flat end rather than through the sidewall.
Q. Now, you didn't know when you saw that picture exactly how it was attached, but that's what occurred to you?
A. Yes.
Q. What else did you see in that picture that would be important for you, as an incident commander?
A. Well, obviously, I'm trying to determine how this is attached to the vehicle. There has to be some type of attachment method. And you can see -- on my cell phone picture, it wasn't as clear as this, but I could clearly see the electrical tape. And that indicated to me that either they had taped it up with electrical tape -- which was probably unlikely, because electrical tape isn't necessarily that strong by itself -- but that there might have been some other methods, like a magnet, which we have seen used throughout the U.S. and internationally to attach pipe bombs to cars.
Q. Point to the electrical tape that's on that device that you're referring to.
A. It's this black tape here (indicating), as well as here.
Q. Okay.
A. Actually, this tape goes further back if you can follow it.

965
attempted to move the fuse or tried to pull it out of it. And at that point -- you know, I can't remember exactly what he said, but it was something to that --
Q. That he had moved the fuse?
A. Yeah, he had done something with the fuse.
Q. What's the first thing you began to do, then, to handle the situation?
A. The first thing that we do is brief the fire -- well, we come up with a plan as a team. And the three of us there put our heads together with how to deal with it based on our training and experience in dealing with these things. Then we run it by the incident commander. And we had a meeting with them and the fire department.

One of the other things we needed to do was brief the fire department on how to respond if one of my bomb techs got hurt and how to get them out of the bomb suit and respond for first aid and how to do that safely, if there was an accidental explosion.

As soon as all those briefings are done and we're ready to go downrange, we decided to
Q. Were you able to determine -- before you began to deal with this pipe bomb, were you able to determine the size of it, the dimension of it?
A. Just looking at the vehicle and based on what Sergeant Tull had told me about contact with the finder as well as looking at the picture, I immediately believed it was a rather large pipe bomb compared to what we usually deal with.
Q. Okay. Let's take down that exhibit. And let me ask you a couple of other questions here before we move to the next subject.

Did you actually speak with Josh Young, the technician who found the pipe bomb?
A. I did, briefly, yes.
Q. Did he give you any additional information?
A. No. He said that he found it. He went and contacted the lady who brought the car in to ask her about it. He had told me something about offering to remove it for her, and she told him no.

And that he had also -- I don't remember exactly what he told me, but something about he had -- he had dealt with the fuse and

966
send the robot down, trying to stay remote.
Q. Let's stop there for just a second, and let me ask you a question.

So there was an overall incident commander for the police. There was somebody in charge of fire units. You were in charge of the bomb unit; is that correct?
A. That's correct.
Q. Where did you station your vehicles in relationship to the black Mitsubishi?
A. We were in another business lot or some type of a parking lot west of there a couple hundred yards.
Q. Were you able to use your -- did you think that you would be able to use your robot to go from there over to the black Mitsubishi?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay. So what is the next step you took?
A. Well, and one thing I forgot is that, in addition to briefing everybody on how we were going to respond, we requested Highway 95 be shut down.
Q. I believe you stated that earlier.
A. We talked about that earlier. And so
that occurred. And once that occurred, then we went -- I sent the robot downrange, and I operated the robot.
Q. Is there a perimeter you were looking to establish for this type of an incident?
A. Our typical guidelines on something are 300 feet plus. I wanted it to be more, based on the size of the device and the fragmentation hazard; if it exploded, the fragmentation that come from the pipe out into the open area.

There was a bank just north of, across Bosanko in a parking lot. They were -- I think they had not let any new customers in, but they were in the process of trying to -- you know, it was midday. They were trying to deal with money in the tills and everything.

So I asked them, if they insisted on staying in the bank, to stay on the opposite side away from the windows.
Q. How close is the Quick Lube to Highway 95 itself?
A. Oh, maybe 30 yards. A hundred feet.
Q. So then what was your next decision?
A. We took the robot downrange. We had our perimeter set. It was safe to approach. So I

969
the device using the grip or the claw on the front of the robot. However, because the car was so low and the angle, I was not able to do that.

However, I was able to get the camera, which is mounted up on the front of the arm, underneath and inspect the bottom of it, not just for that device but to see if there are other devices there that we weren't aware of.
Q. You mentioned a camera. Does it also take a video of what's happening?
A. Yes. We -- there is three cameras on the robot. And -- actually, four cameras. And it does have -- when it sends the wireless signal back to our truck, we're able to record it onto a VHS tape.
Q. Did you record a video on this occasion?
A. I did.
Q. So let's continue with your -- your description of how you positioned the robot. And you said you placed it next to the driver's side door?
A. Yes.
Q. And were you able to use the claw of the robot to remove the pipe bomb?
ran the robot down using a wireless system and --
Q. Let's explain that for the jury. How do you -- describe this robot.
A. The robot we use is a standard-issue robot for bomb squads of the U.S. and U.S. military. It's made by a company called REMOTEC. It's called an ANDROS F6A Robot. It weighs about 550 pounds. It can drag a 200-pound man in an 80-pound bomb suit out of an area in case, you know, they get stuck or fall down or something and can't get out and it's not safe for us to approach. It's a very strong robot.
Q. Do you operate it remotely?
A. Yes.
Q. Who was operating it on this occasion?
A. I was.
Q. And where do you operate it from? From the vehicle?
A. Yes.
Q. So you got the robot out, you activated it, you brought it over toward the Mitsubishi?
A. Yes.
Q. And were you able to position it?
A. Right. I positioned it in such a way I was trying to -- the plan was to try and remove 970
circle, and it's tied, you know, knotted at the end. And it's just a way to loop it around the pipe and back into a carabiner -- which people use for their keys or for rock climbing or whatever -and hook that onto the robot.
Q. What did you do to make sure that a member of your team was safe in getting near that bomb?
A. I kept the video cameras on him while he was downrange, so I could not only communicate with him, but, you know, we could keep an eye on him.
Q. Did he have a special suit?
A. He had on -- it's called an SRS5 search suit. It's actually a midlevel bomb suit. The large bomb suit probably wouldn't have afforded him the flexibility or the ability to lay down like that and get to it. So he had to wear a smaller suit, which offers less protection.
Q. Where was the robot when he approached the vehicle?
A. It was just to the side of him, out of his way.
Q. Were you able to see both him and the robot?

973
A. Probably quarter-inch nylon -- or, you know, braided rope.
Q. So the robot was strong enough to pull that back, and the pipe bomb was strongly enough attached to the car that the rope broke?
A. Yes.
Q. What was your next alternative?
A. We wanted to try a stronger rope, because I still didn't want somebody having to go up and put their hand on it.

So he -- Deputy Yingst grabbed some steel rope -- basically, the same thing, just made out of steel, braided steel -- and brought that down, and we attempted to do the same thing again.
Q. Was he able to position the steel rope around the pipe bomb?
A. Yes.
Q. Did he have to do something before he was able to put the steel rope around the pipe bomb?
A. Yes.
Q. Did you observe what he did?
A. Yes.
Q. What did he do?
A. We were watching, and all of a sudden,
A. Yes.
Q. And what happened when you backed up the robot?
A. I began backing it up, and it was just dragging on the ground. And I dragged it from underneath the car so I could grab it with the claw. As I started to drag it, the fuse that was attached to the end cap up to the car became kind of a tug-of-war between us and the fuse, and it actually was attached securely. It lifted the pipe bomb off the ground and then -- just a couple inches.

And then the fuse broke at the end cap, broke loose, and the pipe bomb hit the ground, and we were able to pull it out from underneath the vehicle.
Q. Did you have occasion later on to examine that fuse that was attached to the bomb?
A. Yes.
Q. You said that there were two of them?
A. Yes.
Q. Is fuse that strong to be able to hold
resistance against the robot like you're describing?

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Q. So he examined it further?
A. Yes.
Q. Physically, by getting underneath it?
A. Yes.
Q. Looking underneath it?
A. Yes.
Q. What was the second vehicle?
A. That was -- we were told the victim's
son's vehicle that was there. And as a
precaution, we made sure that there was nothing underneath that vehicle, either -- or in -- you know, obvious.
Q. So Corporal Fox did that himself?
A. Yes.
Q. And there were no other bombs that were seen?
A. No.
Q. What's the next step that the bomb squad took?
A. When we started the operation, I advised them that it would be advantageous to start looking for a pit or a large field or somewhere where we could render the device safe and, you know, basically disassemble it.
Q. Was there such a location?
A. Yes.
Q. After the pipe bomb broke free from the fuse, what did you do then?
A. We pulled it out, and then I grabbed onto the pipe bomb with the claw and secured it in the claw and lifted it up. And I drove it to our total containment vessel, which is the large ball, for lack of a better term, and put it inside a cardboard box and slid that inside the vessel.
Q. Inside the containment vessel?
A. Yes.
Q. And then did anybody close the doors on the containment vessel?
A. Corporal Fox did.
Q. What was the next procedure?
A. Then we went back down to the vehicles, and Corporal Fox looked at both vehicles to make sure there were no other devices there before we left the scene to deal with the one we had --
Q. Let me stop you. You said "both vehicles."
A. Yes.
Q. The black Mitsubishi we have already talked about.
A. Right.
A. Yes.
Q. Where was that safe location?
A. That was at Marie Road and Ramsey, I believe.
Q. Ramsey Road?
A. Yes.
Q. And describe this location that was safe.
A. It's a large -- I believe it's a county-owned gravel pit. And it's, you know, a hundred feet deep. It was a perfect location because it was close. It limited our travel time as well as it could withstand a detonation.

If the device, while we were dealing with it, happened to -- we call it "high order." If it exploded as designed, this particular place would be able to take that without causing undue injury or property damage.
Q. So it was a deep gravel pit?
A. Yes.
Q. Before we go to what happened at the gravel pit, I want to just finish up and show you a couple of admitted exhibits.

If I could get Ms. Rocca to put up what's been admitted as Exhibit No. 31. It's a
photograph.

Ask you if you recognize what's shown in Exhibit No. 31, Sergeant.
A. Yeah.
Q. What does Exhibit No. 31 show?
A. It's the -- on the right-hand side -do you want me to circle it as I tell you?
Q. Yeah.
A. Okay. This right here (indicating) would be the two fuses. You can't see the end of it, but the end down here at the bottom would be where it attached to the pipe bomb.
Q. Did anybody remove that fuse from the vehicle?
A. I did not. I'm assuming somebody did, but it wasn't the bomb squad.
Q. Do you know how it was attached to the vehicle?
A. It looked like it was tied, but --
Q. Do you know whether the emergency brake cable runs through that part of the vehicle?
A. I imagine it does. I couldn't tell you which -- which line it is on there, but --
Q. That's fine. Would you point to the catalytic converter.

981
placed the first circle.
A. Yeah.
Q. Where the tailpipe and the catalytic converter come together, was there a piece of twisted wire there?
A. I believe so, down here (indicating).
Q. Well --
A. And on the back side, as well.
Q. Okay.
A. Right there (indicating).
Q. Let's go to -- let's clear that, and let's show the witness Exhibit No. 32, please.

Is that the wire that we were just talking about between the catalytic converter and the tailpipe?
A. Yes.
Q. Exhibit 32. Let's clear that and go to Exhibit No. 33.

And what does Exhibit 33 show, if you know?
A. It looks like one of the pieces of baling wire that was underneath the car.
Q. Was this shot -- was this picture taken from the robot camera?
A. No.
A. I believe this is it right here (indicating).
Q. And that's part of the exhaust system of a vehicle?
A. Yes.
Q. Gets hot when the vehicle is in operation?
A. Yes.
Q. Would you indicate where the tailpipe comes out of that catalytic converter?

MR. HAWS: Can we clear that and let him -- can you clear it there on your screen, please?

THE COURT: In the corner of the -- yeah. Someone has done it.

THE WITNESS: I believe the tailpipe continues on to the back from here, if I'm oriented correctly on here.
BY MR. HAWS:
Q. Okay. And do you see a piece of baling wire attached there, as well?
A. Yes. There is some here (indicating). Sorry. There we go. There is a piece there, as well as some here (indicating).
Q. Okay. I want to go back to where you
A. I do not.
Q. Okay. Do you remember seeing that wire?
A. When we were inspecting the bottom of the vehicle with the robot cameras, we saw several of these.
Q. Okay. Let's go back to the bomb disposal site down on Ramsey Road. Were you able to drive down into the gravel pit?
A. Yes.
Q. What's the next procedure you used in the gravel pit?
A. The first thing we did was make sure we had a location we could disassemble the device remotely using the robot again. It's the safest way to do it.

We located a spot that appeared fairly open. And the first thing we did was park the Excursion, which was pulling the total containment vessel. We pulled that down into the pit and parked that near where we were to do the disassembly.
Q. Now, you said "disassembly." Is that
-- is there another word for that?
A. We call it "render safe procedure," but "disassembly" sounds more -- you know, I mean, it's easier to understand.
Q. The objective was to render it safe?
A. Exactly.
Q. So, after you got it positioned, what did you do then?
A. Then we parked the robot vehicle, the EVI, the Freightliner -- we parked that in the pit further away and set up a wireless system and deployed the robot downrange, sent it down --
Q. Again, you were operating the robot?
A. Yes.
Q. Were you able to grasp the bomb and then take it out?
A. Yes.
Q. And where did you place it?
A. I placed it in the -- in the pit on the ground and set it down and prepared to shoot off the end cap with a proprietary frangible round that we use --
Q. Is that what you mean --
A. -- a disruptor.
Q. I'm sorry. Go ahead.
can you remove a threaded cap with a disruptor you're talking about? What's the principle involved?
A. The idea behind it is we don't want to unscrew the end caps, because if there was any powder in the threads, it could cause -- the powder could initiate and cause it to explode, and that would be very unsafe. And the only way to do that generally would be by hand, and it's not worth risking someone's life for that.

So the best procedure that we use is to set up the disruptor using a laser sight or some other way to aim it. And we shoot the projectile at the pipe at such an angle that, when the dental plaster hits the pipe, it starts to fragment and spread out.

And it's going at such a high velocity, it's able to travel along on the top of the pipe and hits the end cap and pulls -- and basically swipes the end cap off, away from the threads and disassembles that end.
Q. So, even though it's a threaded end cap, it peels it off?
A. Correct.
Q. Were you able to fire the disruptor
A. We use a disruptor. As part of our render safe procedure for dealing with pipe bombs is to shoot off the end caps. And we use a certain frangible round, a -- it's -- well, the disruptor itself is similar to a shotgun; however, it can shoot several different types of projectiles or water out of it to disassemble a bomb. It has a breach similar to a shotgun. It fits 12-gauge shells in there.

And so the particular round that we use, which is standard on this, is called an "Avon round." And it's actually dental plaster inside of the round, inside of the shell.
Q. Why do you use dental plaster as a projectile?
A. It doesn't spark. It has -- it's proven its use over thousands of pipe bomb render safe procedures. It has a low likelihood of causing the pipe bomb to detonate when it hits it. And the way it's designed is just exactly for dealing with these.
Q. Okay. I want you to explain to the jury, please, this pipe bomb is, you indicated, a nipple, a straight piece of pipe that's threaded with two threaded caps on it. How can you -- how
round?
A. Yes.
Q. And were you successful in disrupting that pipe bomb?
A. Yes.
Q. What did you do -- what did you do then? Let me back up.

Was the -- is the disruptor round done remotely, also, using the robot?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay. What did you do then?
A. Then we wanted to make sure there is nothing else inside the pipe. When the disruption occurred and we were watching the video, the end cap flew off. And I panned back with the camera to survey the area, because it's a pretty violent event, and it kind of throws the pipe around a little bit.

And there was observable amount -significant amount of black-colored powder on the ground that wasn't there prior. Then I grabbed onto the pipe using the claw, was able -eventually able to grab it and rotate the claw. And when I did that, a significant amount of black-colored powder came out of the pipe.
Q. Do you have an estimate as to -- from what you saw on the ground, what came out of the pipe, and just the volume of the pipe -- about how much powder there was?
A. It was a significant amount.

Definitely enough to initiate the device. It could have been upwards of three-quarters full, based on what I saw.
Q. So "enough to initiate the device" means to explode it?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay. Let me ask you to look behind you and find Exhibit No. 80. And it has been admitted into evidence.
A. 80 A ?
Q. 80A, I believe, is the box. Is that correct? It should be Exhibit No. 80.
A. Yes.
Q. Do you see it there?
A. I do.
Q. It's been admitted. So if you would like to identify that, please, for the record.
A. This is the pipe that we took care of that day.
Q. Approach the microphone just a little
Q. Would you look inside of Exhibit No. 81.
A. (Witness complied.)
Q. What is Exhibit 81?
A. This appears to be the end cap that was shot off the pipe.
Q. That's the one that you blew off with the disruptor round?
A. Yes.
Q. Now, look inside that bag, and tell me if there are some other pieces that went with that end cap.
A. Yes.
Q. And what are those other pieces?
A. These are pyrotechnic fuses.
Q. And did you observe that end cap after you had blown it off?
A. Yes.
Q. And what was the configuration of it after you blew it off? Was it in the same condition it is today?
A. Yes.
Q. Well, did it also have the fuses attached to it?
A. I believe it did.
bit more.
A. Sorry. This is a pipe that we dealt with that day.
Q. That's the one that you were just describing that you disrupted?
A. Yes.
Q. Hold it up for the jury, please.
A. (Witness complied.)
Q. And turn it so that they can see how that thread got disrupted and the end got blown off.
A. You can see where the round impacted right here. There is some -- like a skid almost, a deformation of the regular pipe, how it looks.

And you can see where it spreads out and fans out as designed, and it deforms this thread because of that impact of that plaster -dental plaster into the threaded end of the pipe. And you can imagine, where you look at this end cap, it goes along, grabs onto this end, uses that almost like as a handle, and flips it off.
Q. Thank you. Could I get you to look at -- find up there Exhibit No. 81. This also, I believe, has been admitted into evidence.
A. Yes.
Q. How were they attached?
A. There is this piece of tape in there, and they were underneath the tape attached to the end cap, I believe.
Q. Now, you testified earlier that when you used the robot to pull the bomb off underneath the Mitsubishi, that the fuse broke. Did it break there at the end cap, and that's why you only have those short fuses?
A. It appears so.
Q. Let me ask you about whether you shot another disruptor round.
A. I did.
Q. Using the robot?
A. Yes.
Q. And what was the target on that particular disruptor round?
A. It was a black box that we suspected was a magnet, but we weren't sure. And because there is always a chance that there is a decoy or a second device attached, I used a disruptor to shoot that box, as well, to make sure it didn't contain another device.
Q. Would you please look at Exhibit No. 82, but do not show it yet because it has not been
admitted.
A. (Witness complied.)
Q. Did you find Exhibit 82?
A. Yes.
Q. Can you describe for the record what it is?

MR. McALLISTER: Judge, there is no objection to these exhibits.

THE COURT: You're offering it?
MR. HAWS: Yes. I'll move for admission right now.

THE COURT: Exhibit 82 will be admitted. (Government's Exhibit 82 admitted.)
MR. HAWS: Thank you, Your Honor. BY MR. HAWS:
Q. Would you display that Exhibit No. 82 to the jury, please.
A. (Witness complied.)

This is --
Q. Speak into the microphone, if you could.
A. I'm sorry. It's -- this is what was inside the plastic box. This is the magnet.
Q. And that was the magnet that you shot the disruptor round at on June 15th --

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A. Yes.
Q. That was part of -- part of the remains of Exhibit No. 82?
A. Yes.
Q. Okay. Thank you.

In your experience in dealing with pipe
bombs, how would you characterize this particular
one? Is it a large one? A small one? How would you characterize it?
A. In my experience in dealing with these, it's the largest pipe bomb I've seen, that I have ever dealt with in the field.
Q. Now, you indicated earlier, Sergeant Kittilstved, that the robot takes a video; is that correct?
A. That's correct.
Q. And did you preserve the video that was -- that was shot at the time that the robot was in operation?
A. Yes.
Q. And have you had an opportunity to look at Exhibit No. 79?
A. I have.
Q. And what is 79?
A. 79 is a DVD copy of the VHS recording
A. Yes.
Q. -- 2010?
A. There is another part here. Sorry. The metal -- part of the metal casing that was on it.
Q. Okay. Any other parts to Exhibit No. 82 , just so we can make sure we have the complete thing for the record?
A. I don't see anything else in here, no.
Q. Okay. If you'll replace those.
A. (Witness complied.)
Q. And then I -- then I would like for you to look one more time back at Exhibit 80.
A. Okay.
Q. That's the pipe bomb?
A. Yes.
Q. Is there anything on the outside of that pipe bomb besides some -- what appears to be some electrical tape?
A. There is --
Q. Just show it to the jury, please.
A. It looks like a part of the magnet is still attached.
Q. That's part of the magnet that was blown off from the pipe bomb?
from the robot.
Q. And have you recently reexamined it to make sure it's the same as when you took it from the video device of the camera?
A. Yes.
Q. Or of the robot? Pardon me.
A. Yes, it is.

MR. HAWS: I'd move the admission of Exhibit No. 79.

THE COURT: Any objection?
MR. McALLISTER: No, Your Honor.
THE COURT: 79 will be admitted.
(Government's Exhibit 79 admitted.)
MR. HAWS: Your Honor, at this time, I would ask the court's permission to have the witness shown three brief clips from Exhibit No. 79 to illustrate his testimony here today.

THE COURT: Are those marked separately?
MR. HAWS: No, they are not. They are just part of it. We're just publishing --

THE COURT: As long as you can identify which portions you're showing to the jury by reference to a time stamp or otherwise on the recording. And then, obviously, Mr. McAllister, if you wanted to show some additional portions,
you could do so, as well.
Proceed.
MR. HAWS: Thank you, Your Honor. BY MR. HAWS:
Q. Are you able to identify the footage or the time sequence that you're about to show?
A. Yes.
Q. The first one, please -- would you identify first for the record what -- where it's starting.
A. This is starting at 7 minutes and 52 seconds into the operation.

As you're looking at it, this is the driver's door. We're underneath the driver's door.

THE COURT: I'm not sure that anything is coming up.

MR. HAWS: Well, he is describing prospectively, Your Honor.

THE COURT: He is describing something, I think, that's showing up on his screen that's not on anybody else's. That's what I -- so you may want to --

MR. HAWS: Has it started showing on your machine?

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THE WITNESS: Correct.
THE COURT: I wonder if we could try putting it in the --

MR. HAWS: She does not have it timed, Your Honor. She has the exhibit, but it's not timed, and it would be very difficult to locate that in terms of time.

THE COURT: Well --
BY MR. HAWS:
Q. Do you have one other suggestion, Sergeant Kittilstved?
A. I guess if we gave her this particular DVD and told her the start and end times, if she sees it on her side.
Q. Do you have the start and end times written down there so we can tell her?
A. I do. I do.

MR. HAWS: Let's try that.
THE COURT: We will need to change the input source from -- thank you, Ms. Gearhart.

MR. HAWS: Your Honor, that may not work because her computer does not have a way of showing the time on it, so it would be difficult for us to find.

THE COURT: Well --

THE WITNESS: Yeah. It shows -- I can start --

MR. HAWS: We had this working earlier.
THE COURT: It's odd that we're seeing the "play" bar, if you will, and not the underlying video. I don't know --

THE WITNESS: Can I start it over and maybe just reset it?

THE COURT: Perhaps. Try that.
THE WITNESS: It will just take a second.
THE COURT: I will turn off the jury monitor until you have it resolved.

We're having the same problem.
MR. HAWS: It's showing up on your computer, but it's not playing?

THE COURT: It's not showing up --
MR. HAWS: I'm not getting a signal over here.

THE COURT: There is no signal coming to anyone except his own computer. I wonder if -- is that burned onto a disk or only --

THE WITNESS: It's onto a -- yeah, it's onto a DVD.

THE COURT: So it's a DVD inside your laptop?

MR. HAWS: Well, let's give it a try, and let's see if we can do it.

Could we take about a five-minute recess, Your Honor, in order to get this resolved? And then we have one other witness --

THE COURT: Yes.
MR. HAWS: -- that we'll have ready to go.
THE COURT: All right. Let's take a short recess. Ladies and gentlemen, I'll again admonish you not to discuss the case among yourselves or with anyone else, nor should you form or express any opinions about the case until it is submitted to you. And continue to follow the court's admonition concerning juror conduct as given to you on the first day of trial.

We'll be in recess.
(Recess.)
(Jury present.)
THE COURT: I'll note the jury is present. The witness has retaken the witness stand. And I know I won't get your name right, so I'll just
remind you -- remind the witness that you're still under oath.

Let me see if I can get it right. Is
it -- how do you pronounce it?

THE WITNESS: Kittilstved.
THE COURT: Kittilstved. The "V" is silent?
THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.
THE COURT: All right. You may inquire.
MR. HAWS: Thank you, Your Honor.
BY MR. HAWS:
Q. Sergeant Kittilstved, we had this operational during the lunch hour, right?
A. Absolutely.
Q. Not operational now?
A. No.
Q. With all the electronics minds we have in the room, we couldn't get it working?
A. Correct.
Q. But you can tell the jury certain footage that if they want to look at the video, they can?
A. Yes.
Q. The footage of what you would have shown them, do you want to just read that footage in, and then we'll conclude with your testimony?
A. Certainly. The footage begins with the robot leaving the truck and heading down to the vehicle.

The three areas that we noted that we
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Q. So that's about a four-minute section?
A. Correct.
Q. And then the last section, what does it show that you wanted to show to the jury?
A. The last section would start at 1 hour, 12 minutes. And that is where we have transitioned to the disposal site, the gravel pit. And at that time, it shows me using the robot to remove the pipe bomb from the total containment vessel. And that particular segment would end at about 1 hour, 40 minutes; so it's about 28 minutes in length.

And during that time, it shows me removing the pipe bomb from the vessel, taking it out into the pit, setting it on the ground, shooting it with the first disruption -- which took the end cap off -- grabbing the pipe, turning it over, rotating it. You can see the powder on the ground. And then lining up and taking the second shot on the magnet, which at that time we didn't know was just a magnet. And then that would be the conclusion.
Q. So the portion that shows the powder on the ground and the powder coming out of the pipe would be around the 1 hour, 40 minute --
were going to show, starting at 8 minutes and 52 seconds, the camera on the front of the robot and the claw is doing a panning and zooming and changing the iris to observe underneath the vehicle and records -- you can see the baling wire on the catalytic converter on the front and the rear.

And then the next --
Q. How far does that extend?
A. That's only about 10,15 seconds. So I would say that ends at zero-nine minutes.

The next section would be -- start at 34 minutes, 15 seconds. And that shows Corporal Fox in the bomb suit underneath the vehicle. And it shows him unhooking the baling wire and shows the fuse visible from the pipe up to the vehicle, the two fuses.

Then it shows him set it down, and I pull away from -- when I grabbed onto the rope, onto the steel rope, the second rope, pulling away from the vehicle and the fuse breaks free of the pipe and then pull it out --
Q. Where does that section end?
A. That section would end at about 38 minutes.

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A. That particular section you're talking about would be at about 1 hour, 27 minutes, about 40 seconds.
Q. Okay. Thank you very much.

MR. HAWS: We apologize to the jury and the court that we couldn't get the electronics working. It would have been a nice show. We could have given popcorn, too.

Thank you very much, Sergeant
Kittilstved.
Nothing further from the government.
THE COURT: Any cross?

## CROSS-EXAMINATION

BY MR. McALLISTER:
Q. Was the pipe or any of the components ever tested for fingerprints?
A. That was not part of my responsibility in this case.
Q. Do you know if anyone did?
A. I do not.

MR. McALLISTER: Thank you.
THE COURT: Redirect?
MR. HAWS: No redirect. And ask that the witness be excused, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Officer Kittilstved, you may
step down. Thank you.
Call your next witness.
MR. HAWS: Thank you, Your Honor. Call
Brennan Phillips.
Would you step forward, please, sir.
THE COURT: Sir, if you will please step before the clerk and be sworn, and then follow Ms. Gearhart's directions from there.

BRENNAN SHERMAN PHILLIPS, having been first duly sworn to tell the whole truth, testified as follows:

THE CLERK: Please state your complete name and spell your last name for the record.

THE WITNESS: Brennan Sherman Phillips, P-H-I-L-L-I-P-S.

THE COURT: You may inquire, Mr. Haws.
MR. HAWS: Thank you, Your Honor.
DIRECT EXAMINATION
BY MR. HAWS:
Q. Mr. Phillips, where do you live?
A. King County, Washington.
Q. Who employs you?
A. The Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco,

Firearms and Explosives.
Q. "ATF," as we normally say?

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Q. So you're an expert in the field of examining explosive devices?
A. Yes.
Q. What -- what's your civilian
background, then? How long -- or what else do you do besides an EEO, explosives enforcement officer?
A. Are you asking me about my ATF job, or you're asking --
Q. Yeah.
A. Well, I'm a bomb technician, a working bomb technician, just like the two gentlemen that appeared previously. I have the same background and have attended the same hazardous device school that they did.

So, you know, within the ATF, we are working bomb technicians. We would go into the field, conduct render safe procedures in support of our operations and support of the state and local operations.
Q. Have you been a technician longer than you've been an enforcement officer?
A. Yes. All the ATF explosive enforcement officers are hired because they have previous experience. I was an army EOD, explosive ordnance disposal officer, so the acronym "EOD."
A. ATF, yes.
Q. And what is your title?
A. Explosives enforcement officer.
Q. EEO, explosives enforcement officer?
A. Yes.
Q. And how long have you been an EEO?
A. Since May of 2000 , so the last 11 years.
Q. What does an explosives -- I'm getting tired. What does an EEO do? Tell me what that means again.
A. The explosives enforcement officers of ATF, we are the subject matter experts on explosives, explosive devices, improvised explosive devices. We have special responsibilities within the Bureau to actually look at and examine explosives and explosive devices for regulatory purposes. So if somebody wants to import or build an explosive or an explosive weapon to enter into commerce, we would review that and make a determination. And then we do that on the criminal side, as well. We support all manner of ATF investigations into criminal bombings and arsons, as well as explosive accidents.

Basically, I was a U.S. Army bomb disposal officer.
Q. Do you hold a rank in the military?
A. I do. Well, I left active duty in 2000, after ten years on active duty as an EOD officer. I stayed in the National Guard, and I'm lieutenant-colonel in the Washington National Guard.
Q. So the entire extent of -- the entire extent of your experience in dealing with explosives, both in the military and in civilian life, how long have you done that?
A. Twenty years.
Q. Okay. Please place that microphone just a little bit closer to you. And, if you would -- sometimes you need to slow down a little bit for the reporter, if I can have you do that.
A. Okay.
Q. What's the process you use in going through a determination?
A. Well, when we're -- we examine the evidence. So when we're doing a determination on a destructive device, we would obviously look at any reports; we would look at the physical evidence; and then make a determination based off
of the information from interviews, reports, and the physical evidence, as well as any laboratory reports.

Specifically, we're very interested in the explosive examination done by a certified chemist, typically an ATF chemist, but we'll use FBI or state and local chemists, as well.
Q. In this case, did you examine the ATF lab report of John Jermain?
A. I did.
Q. Did you examine any reports from the investigating officers at the scene?
A. I did.
Q. Did you examine any photographs and evidence from citizens, such as the lab -- the technician at the Jiffy Lube?
A. Yes.
Q. And did you examine the pipe bombs themselves?
A. I did.
Q. All of the physical evidence?
A. I did.
Q. Let me ask you specifically if you -if you would, please, to turn and retrieve Exhibit No. 80 , which is up there at the stand.

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Northwest. This is a fairly large one in comparison to other devices we encounter here in the Northwest.
Q. Okay. You have seen a lot of pipe bombs before, I assume?
A. Oh, yes. Yes.
Q. Okay. Part of the end of that has been disrupted; isn't that correct?
A. Yes. It was disrupted by the bomb squad.
Q. Okay. Do you see, also, a piece of the magnet still on there?
A. I do.
Q. And would you set that one down and please look at the end cap, which is Exhibit No. --
A. 81 ?
Q. -- Exhibit No. 81.
A. Yes.
Q. You have examined that before, I take it?
A. I did.
Q. In conjunction with this determination in this case?
A. I did.
A. (Witness complied.)
Q. This has been admitted into evidence, so you can go ahead and show that to the jury, please, and explain if this is something you did examine.
A. Yes, I examined it.
Q. And this is a pipe bomb?
A. It is.
Q. Do you have any other comments about this particular pipe bomb, either its sophistication or its -- anything like that?
A. Well, I mean, the terminology or the term that I would use to describe it, based on its placement, would be a "UV IED" or "under-vehicle improvised explosive device." And that's the current terminology we use in the business to describe the type of device. And that goes to its placement and method of attack.

It's a two-inch nominal diameter pipe about 12 inches long, so it's a fairly good-sized device.

As pipe bombs go, you know -- as you've heard previously, pipe bombs are a fairly common device that we encounter here in the continental United States and certainly in the Pacific

1010 cap?
A. Well, the end cap has been disrupted, and you can see this large hole in the end cap. That's actually from the disruptive procedure.

The Avon round or the frangible round that Sergeant Kittilstved described has actually punched through the end of the pipe; as well as there is a -- it's kind of a half of a circle right here at the center of the pipe. That is actually the fuse hole, so that would have been drilled into the pipe. While it's been partially broken, it still remains.
Q. Examine the rest of the contents of the bag that that exhibit came in, please, because there is another piece that goes with that. Do you see it?
A. Yes.
Q. And what is that?
A. Well, there is tape here, some of the remnants of the tape -- now, when I originally examined it, there was quite a bit more tape, but this is some of the tape that remains. And then two lengths of green pyrotechnic fuse, which is in this antistatic bag.
Q. Leave those there, because we're going to refer to those again. But I would like you to retrieve the pieces of fuse in this case. Ninety-three? Eighty-three, Exhibit No. 83.
A. I have 83 here.
Q. Yes. What do you see in Exhibit 83?
A. There is lengths of green pyrotechnic fuse.
Q. Have you seen that fuse before?
A. I have.
Q. And would you describe for the jury what it is you're looking at in terms -- what's distinctive about this fuse?
A. It's green pyrotechnic fuse, so it's going to be a black powder, you know, delay-burning fuse. This fuse has been broken. And at the very ends of the fuse, both lengths here, is discoloration from exposure to heat.
Q. So both lengths have been broken on one end and discolored on the other?
A. That's correct.
Q. Okay.

MR. HAWS: Your Honor, I would ask that the witness be able to get closer to the jury and be able to show them the discoloration he is
you know, a brownish-blackish color.
Q. From your investigation of this case and reviewing all the information and the items in this case, can you tell the jury what your opinion is as to why that's discolored?
A. Yes. In my opinion, this was in contact with the exhaust system on the vehicle where the wires on the exhaust system were attached in an attempt to ignite the pyrotechnic fuse as a means of initiation, a heat source to ignite the black-powder fuse.
Q. Now, what you have in your hand is just one length; is that correct? And isn't there another envelope with another one?
A. There are two lengths. So part of the design of the device was to build redundancy or what we call "dual initiation." So, to ensure that the device works properly, two lengths of fuse were used.

And this is a common practice in the explosive business. I use this practice in my own work. I'll oftentimes use two means of initiation when I'm setting up a charge, to make sure that it works, to increase reliability.
Q. Replace the fuse that you had out a
referring to, if that's permissible.
THE COURT: Yes. Counsel, you can move down if you want to, Mr. McAllister, to see what the witness is showing to the jury. But, yes, you may step down in front of the jury box and show the jury what it is that you're trying to explain to them.

MR. HAWS: Do you have your microphone activated?

THE WITNESS: I do. Can you hear me? How is that?

MR. HAWS: Great.
THE WITNESS: These are the two lengths of fuse. Now, they have been sampled since I examined them initially, so they cut some pieces off to send in to the lab for sampling purposes.

But you have a length of green pyrotechnic fuse. And this fuse basically has a black-powder core to it with string that's wound, and then that string is coated in a nitrocellulose lacquer. It basically gives it some waterproofing, and it burns -- burns as well with nitrocellulose as a type of explosive.

You can actually see that the end here has been discolored, blackened and turned kind of,

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moment ago, and please put it back in its bag.
A. Yes, sir.
Q. And then take this one out of the bag that you're just referring to. What's it marked? It's got an identification number on it.
A. 83B and then 83A.
Q. So you were just referring to 83 A ; is that correct?
A. Yes.
Q. Now, referring to 83 B , would you please remove the fuse that's in 83B.
A. (Witness complied.)
Q. Would you show that to the jury and explain whether it's the same or similar to the other fuse in 83A.
A. Yeah. Essentially the same type of fuse, also discolored. You can see the discoloration on the end there. Same green pyrotechnic fuse as used in the other length.
Q. And so the discoloration means it got hot?
A. That's correct.
Q. But it didn't get hot enough to ignite?
A. That's right.
Q. Hold that fuse up again for the jury,
please.
A. (Witness complied.)
Q. Now, there appear to be some sharp either kinks in it or some sharp bends in it. It almost looks like it might be half broken. Is that -- is that a misinterpretation on my part?
A. Well, the fuse is -- it's not
like -- it's a little bit -- I want to say brittle
or a little bit resistant, a little bit stiff.
And if you do crimp it, the nitrocellulose coating will break.
Q. But this is not broken?
A. It's not broken. It's just the nitrocellulose coating is a bit damaged at those locations. However, that's not going to stop it from burning.
Q. That was my next question. If the fuse were ignited, it would burn through any of those types of crimped places; is that correct?
A. That's right.
Q. Another question while you have that up. I want you to assume that electrical tape were wrapped around the fuse --
A. Yes.
Q. -- and it was ignited on one end, and

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about redundancy with regard to the fuse. Was there any other type of redundancy on this device, Exhibit No. 80, the pipe bomb taken off the Mitsubishi?
A. Well, "redundancy" in the sense of the method of attachment. So this device used a magnet for attachment, and that's fairly common in the design of an under-vehicle improvised explosive device, some type of magnetic attachment to allow for quick placement of the device.

But in this case, it was bound by heavy-gauge wire, which basically -- you know, to give it more redundancy, more reliability as far as keeping it attached to the vehicle in travel.
Q. Now, did you have occasion to examine the videotape that was shot during the operation of the robot that Sergeant Kittilstved was referring to a moment ago?
A. I did.
Q. You heard his testimony?
A. I did.
Q. Did you hear him describe how the robot tried to pull the pipe bomb from underneath the car, and it was attached by its fuse --
A. Yes.
the charge that it was to detonate was on the other side of the electrical tape wrapped around it.

Would that stop the charge from -- or the fuse from burning through underneath that electrical tape?
A. It would not. The fuse is made from black powder. Black powder has its own fuel and oxygen source. It's made up of fuel and oxidizer, like all explosives. It doesn't require an external source of oxygen. It doesn't require air for it to burn. It will burn -- you know, it will burn under water. It will burn under tape. In fact, within the confinement of tape, it will burn a little bit faster.
Q. Thank you. If you would replace those, please, in 83 A and 83 B and retake the witness stand.
A. Yes, sir.
Q. You might turn off that portable mic.
A. I just did.
Q. Okay. Now, Mr. Phillips, you mentioned the word "redundancy" a moment ago.
A. Yes.
Q. And you began to explain to the jury

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Q. -- to the car?
A. Yes.
Q. Have you reviewed that tape?
A. Yes.
Q. That video?
A. Yes.
Q. And the tension between the robot and the fuse underneath the car is sufficient to lift this pipe bomb off the ground; is that correct?
A. It was.
Q. And then it -- then it breaks --
A. Yes.
Q. -- the fuse breaks?

Is fuse -- that suggests that the fuse is fairly strong in tensile strength, isn't it?
A. It is.
Q. Does that surprise you?
A. No. There is actually a standard for that. The American Pyrotechnic Association standard says that pyrotechnic fuse needs to be strong enough to hold like a large firework item. So that's not uncommon, or it's not surprising.
Q. From your examination of Exhibit

No. 80, the pipe bomb off the Mitsubishi, how was the -- how were -- the two lengths of fuse that
went into the end cap of the bomb, how were they secured?
A. Well, they were secured, you know, they passed through the end cap, through the hole in the end cap and then were dogged down with tape or secured with tape, multiple wraps of tape. And actually, the fuse lay along the surface of the end cap and doubled back and were then taped with multiple wraps, layers of tape. So it was well-secured.
Q. It was well-secured. Secured well enough that the fuse itself broke before the electrical tape gave way; is that correct?
A. That's right. And when I examined this device back in July, the fuse was still secured underneath the tape and running into the inside of the end cap.
Q. Based upon how well the two lengths of fuse were secured to the end cap, based upon the fact that there were two ignition sources or two lengths of fuse, based upon the redundancy of the way in which it was attached to the car, does that tell you anything about the intent of the person who placed the bomb on the car?
A. Well, certainly, there is a desire to

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rapidly.
So, if you can imagine, the powder starts to combust, burn, to explode inside the pipe. The pipe is going to start to stretch until it fragments. And at that point, you lose containment. You lose the confinement on the powder. And then the explosive event is going to start to drop off.

So you want as much of that powder burning, as much of the surface area of that powder exposed to the explosion, to the thermal event that occurs inside, to get as much of that burning as rapidly as possible before the pipe bursts.
Q. You mentioned "smokeless powder."
A. Um-hmm, yes.
Q. Are there different types of powder?
A. There are different types of explosive powders.
Q. Sometimes people use the term "black powder."
A. Well, black powder is very different than smokeless powder as far as its makeup.
Q. Now, it's not necessarily just because of the color; is that right? Because smokeless
make sure this thing works; to make sure it doesn't fall off the vehicle, you know, while it's moving down the highway; to make sure that the fuse is ignited and the device functions as designed.
Q. Assume that the pipe bomb that you have before you, Exhibit No. 80 -- assume that it were three-quarter full, just a -- that's -- there was testimony in this case that it may have been three-quarters full of powder.
A. Yes.
Q. What -- how does three-quarters of the volume affect the detonation of the charge? In other words, does it help for it to be packed in, or does it help for there to be more or less powder?
A. For optimal -- you know, for optimal performance of the pipe bomb using smokeless powder -- and that's the type of powder that we have in this device -- it's advantageous to not fill it completely, to leave a little bit of space in there.

And what that does is increase the surface area of the powder. So once the powder starts to burn, you want it to burn very, very 1022
powder can also be black?
A. That's right.
Q. So we're not talking about coloration here; we're talking about different types of powder?
A. Yes.
Q. This was not smokeless powder -- or this was not black powder?
A. This was not black powder. It was smokeless powder.
Q. Now, tell the jury the difference between black powder and smokeless powder.
A. Black powder is made up of a mixture of potassium nitrate, sulfur, and charcoal. It's the oldest type of explosive, you know, all the way back to the Chinese inventing it a millennia ago.

Smokeless powder is a relatively modern invention. And the type of smokeless powder that was used in this device is what we call a double-base smokeless powder. So it's a mixture of nitrocellulose and nitroglycerine, which are explosive molecules. And it has considerably more energy available.
Q. So that's double-base?
A. Um-hmm.
Q. Is there something also about the morphology or the shape of the individual grains of powder that you saw in this case that's worth commenting on?
A. Certainly. Smokeless powders are made in different sizes and different shapes, depending on what you want to do with them, the performance characteristics.

This used what we call a "disk morphology powder." So they're like little wafers. If you can imagine little round discs of powder. And what that does is that creates a lot of surface area, so the powder burns really, really rapidly, which is desirable in a pipe bomb, as opposed to other types of powders which have less surface area.

And what that powder is really used for, you know, its legitimate purpose is for shotgun ammunition or for pistol ammunition, where you need to drop energy really, really fast. And you can imagine the short barrel of a pistol versus a long barrel of a rifle, you want to have your powder burn very, very rapidly to drop its energy very, very quickly.

That's the same sort of thing you want
1025
A. You know, I observed it. It had yellow flakes in it, and the lab confirmed that it's a Hi-Skor 700X, which is a type of powder. It's actually marketed by the Hodgdon Powder Company under the brand name of IMR, Improved Military Rifle powder.
Q. Okay. You're going pretty fast there. So you said "Hi-Skor." Spell it.
A. It's H-I-S-K-O-R. And then it would be 700X.
Q. And where is it manufactured?
A. That's primarily manufactured in

Montreal -- outside of Montreal, Canada. And then when they -- when their capacity becomes such that they can't produce enough, their alternate production facility is in Riordan Army Ammunition Plant in Virginia.
Q. So if you could just tell the jury whether or not this pipe bomb as you have reconstructed it, the one that was underneath the Mitsubishi, Exhibit No. 80, did it have all the components of a destructive device?
A. Yes.
Q. Based upon your experience and training and the composition and structure of this
in a pipe bomb, is you want to be able to have your powder burn, drop its energy very, very rapidly before the pipe bursts.
Q. You mentioned that this powder is used in shotgun shells and in pistol bullets --
A. Yes.
Q. -- is that correct? Pistol rounds?

Is it available commercially on the market?
A. Of course. You know, your Second Amendment right means you have the right to bear arms, to include the small arms components therein.

And smokeless powder is a component of small arms, so it is unregulated. You can go into your local store and buy smokeless powder. There is no paperwork required to be filled out. It is readily available.
Q. So this is the type of powder that's used by reloading enthusiasts?
A. It is.
Q. Based upon the lab report and based upon your experience and what you've seen in this case, do you know what kind of powder this was or who the manufacturer was?

1026
particular device, assuming that it was approximately three-quarters full of smokeless double-base black -- explosive powder, do you have an opinion as to the effect it would have had had it exploded?
A. Yeah. Well-constructed pipe bomb, very, very lethal, especially the placement of the device. If the device had exploded while the vehicle was in travel, obviously, you would have had life-threatening injuries to the driver of the vehicle or anybody else inside the vehicle as well as anybody else on the road. And, of course, then the subsequent car crash that would ensue after this device functioned.
Q. Do pipe bombs, when they do explode, also impact -- have an impact upon the gas tank of a vehicle?
A. It could. I wouldn't expect the gas tank to explode in a Hollywood sort of way, but it could certainly cause a fire, which a fire can be much more damaging than the initial explosion.
Q. Let me ask you to examine Exhibit No. 85.

THE COURT: Counsel, we're getting close to the end of the day.

MR. HAWS: And I'm almost through with mine, Your Honor. I'll be through within three minutes now.

THE COURT: All right. BY MR. HAWS:
Q. Do you have Exhibit No. 85 in front of you?
A. I do.
Q. What is Exhibit 85?
A. It's a -- it's another pipe of a little bit larger size.
Q. 85 has been admitted into evidence, I believe.

Would you go head and take it out and just show it to the jury. And comment on any similarities or dissimilarities between it and the other pipe bomb, No. 80.
A. Yeah. Absolutely. The -- this pipe has a coupler as opposed to just an internally threaded end cap.

So in this device, you have -- you know, we call these internally threaded end caps.
There's an end cap, and the threads are on the inside of the cap. This has a coupler and then an externally threaded cap on the end of that.

1029
It is critical that you avoid reading any news accounts, listening to any radio or television accounts concerning the trial. As I have instructed you, it would be wise simply to avoid reading local newspapers, I think, for the duration of the trial and to avoid local news.

Likewise, do not consult any outside reference materials. That would include not only written materials but also any electronic information, such as websites, surfing the Internet, blogs, chat rooms.

You simply cannot and must not seek or obtain any information concerning the case or any of the topics which you've heard testimony about during the course of this trial. Do not visit any site that may have been mentioned during the testimony. Simply put the matter out of your mind. Do not form any opinions. Do not discuss the case with anyone, and do not allow anyone to discuss the case with you.

Again, I'll direct everyone in the courtroom to give the jurors the first opportunity to leave the courthouse. They will proceed directly to their vehicle.

And then when we reconvene Monday

Now, when I examined this, it was exactly the -- as you see it here. There was not a cap on the other end. And I was told that that had been filled with powder at one point. The cap had been removed and the powder dumped out. Although, at the time, I did observe some flecks of disk morphology smokeless powder when I examined it back in July.
Q. Let me make sure I just understood you. So when you examined it, there were still some remnants of smokeless black powder inside of Exhibit No. 85?
A. Disk smokeless powder, yes.

MR. HAWS: Okay. I believe those are all the questions I have for Mr. Phillips.

THE COURT: Mr. McAllister.
MR. McALLISTER: I do have questions, Your Honor, but I don't want to take it past 2:30 today.

THE COURT: All right. I guess we'll see you Monday morning.

Ladies and gentlemen, we're going to take the weekend recess. As we take the recess, I'll admonish you to recall the court's extended admonition concerning juror conduct.

1030
morning at 8:30, please proceed directly to the fifth floor jury assembly room.

Mr. Severson, there was an issue considering another jury being --

LAW CLERK: We have actually asked them to come straight to the sixth floor.

THE COURT: All right. There is another jury being, I think, oriented for another trial Monday morning, so the jury assembly room will be tied up.

All right. Perhaps I'll have Mr. Severson escort the jury out; then I'm going to take up one matter with counsel very briefly.

Ladies and gentlemen, we'll see you, then, Monday morning at 8:30.
(Jury absent.)
MR. HAWS: May the witness step down, Your Honor?

THE COURT: Yes. Certainly.
Counsel, in anticipation of the Rule 29 motion -- which I'm assuming we'll hear Monday, perhaps early in the day -- I would like counsel to be prepared. The elements offense that we -or the elements instruction that we read to the jury on the first day of trial as part of what I
call the preproof instructions, I'm not sure I'm uncomfortable with them, but I do need some guidance from counsel, perhaps from the government as to -- and it's an issue that I need to resolve in terms of the Rule 29.

And that is: What is the predicate offense, the underlying felony offense for Counts 2 and 3? Is it -- the offense charged in Count 1 deals with a time period -- I'm looking at the indictment, in fact, as we speak -- extending from December 2009 through June 11th, 2010.

And I'm going to want counsel to explain whether your position is that there is an ongoing criminal act that included -- incorporates both what Mr. Fairfax testified to as the attaching of the pipe bomb and then the travel to Oregon to determine whether it had fallen off, whether it then also incorporates the second trip to Oregon to presumably involve Ms. Steele in a fatal car accident.

My concern is that the -- there has to be a predicate federal felony. And if we view these as discrete acts, the preparation of the pipe bomb relates to an act that I understand occurred in Idaho. The acts related to the second 1033
been told and what counsel has told Mr. Severson, that perhaps the government will intend hopefully to rest Monday morning.

MS. WHELAN: Yes, Your Honor.
THE COURT: Is that correct?
MR. HAWS: Yes.
THE COURT: Mr. McAllister, you'll coordinate and perhaps, over the weekend, make sure you're ready to go.

What I intend to do -- and I'm already looking at the Rule 29 motion, so I'll be -- but I generally like to keep those arguments fairly short and sweet. So, you know, I'm thinking 15 minutes or so to argue it, since I'm already looking at it, just told you where my concerns are.

And, of course, you're all well aware of the standard which would apply, a very -somewhat of a low bar for the government to clear, which is whether or not there is sufficient evidence from which a reasonable jury could find beyond a reasonable doubt that each element of the charged offense has been proven. I don't make credibility determinations; that's for the jury. I just ask, if the jury believed everything that
trip to Oregon, which would clearly involve interstate commerce -- but I think there is just a concern. I need counsel to explain to me -- and I'm sure Mr. McAllister is going to make argument about this -- about how that all hangs together, whether or not it is all one overall criminal act, whether there are discrete criminal acts; one related to the pipe bomb, the second to the second trip to Oregon that's been testified to.

And, again, I'm not making any comment whether it, in fact, occurred or did not occur. I think that's for the jury to determine. I'm only concerned what the evidence is for the jury to deal with and then whether -- and if they are treated as discrete acts, which of those discrete acts is the predicate federal felony offense to support Counts 2 and 3?

I don't know if that's clear, but I'm -- what my concern is. I'm reluctant to give any more guidance other than to say that I'm scratching my head a little bit now, as we speak. And I think counsel is going to need to be ready to discuss that Monday when we take up the Rule 29 motion.

And I'm assuming, based on what I've 1034
has been presented and then construes it in a light most favorable to the government, could a reasonable jury find the defendant guilty beyond a reasonable doubt.

So I'm -- I'll just leave it at that.
All right. We'll be in recess, then, until 8:30
Monday morning.
(Court recessed at 2:38 p.m.)


6 Court R eporter, State of Idaho, does hereby
7 certify:
8 That I am the reporter whotranscribed
9 the proceedings had in the above-entitled action
10 in machine shorthand and thereafter the same was
11 reduced into typew riting under m y direct
12 supervision; and
13 Thatthe foregoing transcriptcontains a
14 full, true, and accurate record of the proceedings
15 had in the above and foregoing cause.
16
IN W IT NESS W H EREOF, I have hereunto set 17 m y hand June 24,2011 .

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Tam aral. H ohenleitner
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O fficial Court R eporter
C S R N o . 619
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